THE INDEPENDENT

The first split: five ministers confront Blair over benefits

Tony Blair is facing a serious split in his Cabinet as he takes personal charge of the benefit reform programme. A group including some of the Government's biggest hitters is opposed to large-scale cuts in disability benefits. Our political correspondent says it is a row that will be the Prime Minister's toughest challenge yet.

Mr Blair has often promised to make "hard choices" on welfare reform. Last night he was contemplating a stark choice between a public climbdown and a Cabinet row.

A powerful faction in the Cabinet, including John Prescott, Robin Cook, David Blunkett, Frank Dobson and Clare Short, Saturday that he would chair a special Cabare thought to be ready to take on the Prime Minister.

Indications of the seriousness of the opposition to aspects of Mr Blair's determi- kett would also be given a place. nation to cut a series of disability benefits came in a leaked memo to the Chancellor Gordon Brown, from David Blunkett. it fairly and sensitively, but we are going Secretary of State for Education and Em-

BY FRAN **ABRAMS**

December, the eve of the rebellion by 47 Labour MPs on abolition of the lone parent benefit, said the political flashpoint could come over the proposed abolition of industrial injuries benefit for existing jointly. claimants. That would be politically unacceptable and could provoke a sizeable rebellion, he suggested.

"Deep cuts in the totality of support for those disabled people who either cannot work or can find only very modestly paid work would make a mockery of our professions on a social exclusion and the construction of a more just society." he wrote in the letter, leaked to the Sanday Telegraph.

Mr Blunkett has recently been telling colleagues that he did not want the "dirty money" education could receive from cuts in disability benefits. But yesterday he denied there was a split and portrayed his memo as part of an ongoing debate.

John Prescott, the Deputy Prime Minister, was heard at Christmas parties using strong language when criticising the benefits cuts programme, although yesterday he denied reports that he had told Mr Blair that Harriet Harman, Secretary of State for Social Security, was "a liability" and had asked for her to be sacked.

Frank Dobson, the Secretary of State Face off: (from top) David Blunkett, for Health, is also believed to have been Robin Cook, Frank Dobson, Clare critical in private. Robin Cook, the For- Short and John Prescott are unhappy eign Secretary, and Clare Short. Secretary about cuts Photographs: Brian Harris

of State for International Development, are all thought to be unhappy although neither has spoken out yet.

There are also question marks over the strength of support offered by other ministers. A furious Alan Howarth, the former Tory minister, now an employment minister, was reported to have told ex-colleagues as he joined them in the lobby to vote for cuts in lone parents' benefits that it was too early in the Parliament to resign.

Last night the Tories released figures showing the Government could be defeated if the opposition parties voted together and 91 Labour MPs rebelled.

Mr Blunkett's opposition and that of several of his colleagues - a number of junior ministers are also believed to be unhappy - makes Mr Blair's latest strategy of taking personal charge a high-risk one.

The Prime Minister announced on inet committee including Ms Harman, Mr Brown and Mr Dobson to look at welfare reform. It emerged last night that Mr Blun-

Last night Mr Blair underlined his earlier stance on benefit reform "We will do to stand absolutely, resolutely firm on playment Secretary. The memo, dated 9 change because the welfare system isn't working and it needs reforming." he said.

If the project fails and the Government faces another rebellion or loses more ministers - Malcolm Chisholm has already resigned over lone parents - Mr Blair will take a personal blow which cannot be easily deflected.

Already some Cabinet members are grumbling about lack of consultation. Although there was a half-hour discussion on benefits last Thursday, most meetings are brief and ministers say they feel decisions are handed down rather than being taken

Even as the manocuvring continued, it became clear that moves to cut disability benefit bills had already started. The 1.8 million people on Disability Living Allowance were being sent 33-page forms designed to see if they were entitled to their payments, according to the ITV programme Link. Although some had received extra money, many more had their bene-

Lord Ashley, joint chairman of the parliamentary all-party disablement group, said the Government now had no choice but to think again after the leaking of the

"It reveals proposals under consideration that are outrageous in their scope and depth. They will shock and disturb millions of disabled people." he said. Blunkett's disquiet, page 6

Polly Toynbee, page 13











INSIDE TODAY

Helen Mirren as you've never dreamed of her **I5/FEATURES**



Santa and Scrooge: The billion-pound tussle between Christmas and the sales 3/NEWS

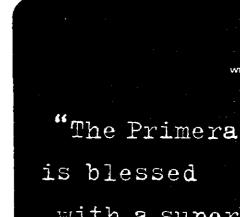
Ron Atkinson talks about his

latest role: the wise old owl



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TODAY'S NEWS

Ireland faces massive hearing damage claims

The Dublin government is facing huge bills as they deal with an avalanche of compensation cases taken by Irish soldiers who claim their hearing has been damaged by the noise of gunfire. One prediction of the final bill is £350m, but it could reach up to £2bn. Page 8

Millennium secrets

Yesterday the first clues began seeping out of what will be found in the Millennium Dome in London. The main theme will be Time, with "a journey through time and space" designed by the artist David Hockney. Page 4

Gurkha revolt

Former members of the Gurkhas, the Nepalese soldiers recruited by the British army, are planning to take the British government to court in their fight for better pensions. The Gurkhas receive a pension that is a fraction of their British counterparts'. Page 9

US clinics offer abortion after eight days

Highly sensitive pregnancy tests combined with a 'menstruation extraction' technique are allowing women in the US to terminate a pregnancy eight to ten days after conception. But Jeremy Laurance, Health Editor, says the method has drawbacks.

The early abortions, which can be carried out before a woman has missed her first period, are being offered in 23 clinics around the US run by Houston Planned Parenthood.

- 7)

British experts expressed can do a blood test earlier but surprise at the use of the tech- it is not generally available and nique which would require women, who suspected they an abortion as the foetus is so might be pregnant, to have a blood test and then undergo vacuum aspiration, in which a

tract the contents of the womb. The Family Planning Association said women in the UK who had unprotected sex could take the "morning-after" pill up to 72 hours after intercourse litically more acceptable in a which would trigger menstruation. If they missed that deadline, or wanted to confirm that they were pregnant before taking action, they would normally do a urine pregnancy test after their first missed period.

there is no point. You can't have small there is a risk it could be missed by vacuum aspiration." The attraction of the new hand-held syringe is used to ex- method is that morning-after

and "abortion pills" which can be effective up to seven weeks after conception, are not generally available in America. The early abortion may be pocountry where the "pro-life" lobby is very strong and wins support using photographs of almost fully formed foctuses.

Dr Wendy Savage, consultant gynaccologist at the Royal London NHS Trust, said that A spokeswoman said: "You women who had very early

method must be warned that the pregnancy could be missed and that it might end naturally anyway. "However, I can see that it could be a good option in the US because of the ferocity of the

anti-abortion movement." Dr Michael Burnhill, vice president for medical affairs of the Planned Parenthood Federation of America, appeared to confirm that the early terminations were being offered in the hope of defusing anti-abortion opposition.

"With these very early abortions we are talking about a gestational sac the size of a matchstick head. It's nobody's picture of a little baby sucking its thumb," he said,

COLUMN ONE

Bullying bosses make working life a living hell

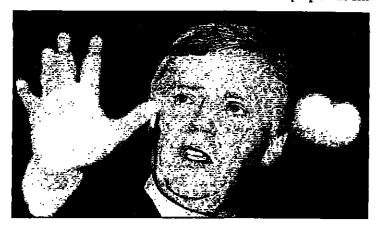
A "bad bosses" hot line has been inundated with calls from professional people complaining they are being bullied. It is now the turn of the middle classes to be victimised as well as more junior and lower paid colleagues. More than one in four of calls to the hot line set up by the TUC come

from managers complaining about authoritarian and unreasonable bosses. In just five days the line received almost 5,000 calls from all over the country and from people in a wide range of occupations. Some claimed that employers were trying to "cancel Christmas" by ordering them to work

One manager in a Scottish financial firm said her working day had become a "living hell". Her boss would scream at her and in turn would expect her to shout at her staff. "My boss would come out of her office and you could feel the aggression flowing from her. If she came over to you, you knew you were going to get it in the neck - it was your turn for abuse."

A teacher in a small rural school was the subject of builying by the head and a colleague. Eventually he suffered from depression and was off sick for several months. The TUC received personal testimonies from eight sets of parents saying the teacher was the best thing that ever happened

Some four out of ten calls to the hotline were from people who felt



they were being bullied, according to a TUC report Hard Times. Nearly half of them were men.

A quarter of callers complained of low pay with some earning as little as £1 an hour. Some 43 per cent of those complaining about wages earned less than £2.50 an hour. It is thought that the Low Pay Commission, which will advise the Government on a national minimum wage will set a figure of around £3.50.

Security guards were among those contacting the TUC over wage levels, some of whom were earning as little a £2.25 an hour for which they were expected to work a 12-hour shift. Drivers reported being forced to work dangerously long hours.

Some callers were being prevented from taking paid annual leave and being forced to work through Christmas. A company in the north-east "cancelled Christmas" and will not allow employees time off.

John Monks (pictured), TUC general secretary, is hoping to "name and shame" some of the companies in the new year. He said calls to the hotline had revealed a "catalogue of exploitation" - low pay, long hours, job insecurity and bullying.

Barrie Clement, Labour Editor

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Love, love, love: Sir Paul and Linda McCartney embrace their daughter, Stella

McCartney's fear over fame for children

Sir Paul McCartney has revealed his fears for his children - that they would benefit from his famous name only to find it becoming a milistone.

But Sir Paul said that a five-fold increase in sales at the fashion house Chloe proved his daughter Stella deserved the top designer job she gained with its help earlier this year.

The former Beatle has always shunned the showbusiness lifestyle for his four children. But Stella. 26. stepped right into the limelight when she succeeded Karl Lagerfeld at Chloe. Sir Paul said: "I told her 'The name is terrific for getting you the job. But if you fail, that name becomes a weapon with which you will be beaten. Macca failure - you don't want the name then.' She made the choice to do it. It was her dream, it was her passion and to give her credit, she is very good at it."

Many critics said that Stella only got the job because she was his daughter, he acknowledged. "The name must have helped, because the firm obviously get extra publicity out of that. But the bottom line was, she had to deliver good clothes.

"I understand Chloc's sales have gone up five times since she has been there, so there ain't nothing wrong with that."

Stella's feminine designs have been an instant hit with fashion writers and customers alike. Sir Paul, his wife Linda and son James were at her first Chloe collection in October.

He is equally proud of the other McCartney children in their more low-profile careers.

A photo portrait by Mary, 29, has been on show at the National Portrait Gallery: Heather, 34, has exhibited her pottery; and surf-mad son James, 19, is at college studying sculpture. "He's possibly thinking of getting into music." Sir Paul said approvingly. He's a good player. We have got a fairly artistic family." Sir Paul drafted in James to play guitar on his latest solo album Flaming Pie, and dedicated the song "Young Boy" to him.

Linda, his wife, is also gearing up to promote her expanded vegetarian food line following her recovery from breast cancer. "Linda's food is just roaring away." Sir Paul said, "She's feeling much better now,

Pavarotti uses music to heal children of Bosnia

tenor, yesterday opened a Music particularly since his recent concert Centre bearing his name in the in Sarajevo. They were joined by Bosnian city of Mostar.

The singer has given £2.5m from charity concerts and record- of War Child, and globe-trotting ings towards the £3.5m centre humanitarian, Bianca Jagger. which contains a concert space. ready begun on trying to "heal" Bosnian children, who underwent the traumas of the recent war, Bosnians in the east, and few through involvement in music.

The opening of the centre, developed and run by the British charity War Child, proved a star- line. Two thousand people were studded occasion yesterday.

Pavarotti flew into Mostar accompanied by Bono, the lead not a politician. I am a musician.

Luciano Pavarotti, the Italian hero among the Bosnian young, rock musician Brian Eno, playwright Sir Tom Stoppard, a patron

Mostar was a major tourist recording studio, teaching rooms and cultural centre before the and music therapy wing. Work led war, and the biggest multi-ethnic by British music teachers has al- city in former Yugoslavia. It is now peace, happiness and education a badly bombed and deeply divided city with Croatians in the west and adults prepared to cross the high street dividing east and west, which is still referred to as the front killed here during the war.

Pavarotti said vesterday: "I am singer of the rock band U2 and a I care about giving people a place

where they can go to enjoy themselves and to begin to live again. To the man you have to give the spirit, and when you give him the spirit you have done everything.

"Children are our most important resource and the future of our world ... As musicians, we are proud that we have built for these beautiful children a haven of where they are future generations can join together to make music.'

Pavarotti and War Child are determined that the music centre will provide a unifying symbol, with children from Mostar and from all of Bosnia using its facilities. The centre's recording studio was already in use yesterday with British rock band Dodgy making a new album. David Lister, Mostar

UPDATE

WELFARE

Abuse drives young from home

lesley Garra such a cunnia itle singer Family problems are one of the main causes of homelessness among young people, according to a survey published today. The report also challenges the view that only big cities have a problem with homelessness. It highlights problems in three provincial areas - Lincolnshire, Craw-

ley and Horsham in West Sussex, and South Yorkshire. Nearly half of people aged under 25 and living on the streets said phys. ical and other abuse, marital breakdown between parents and other fam-

ily problems had forced them out of home. The report, published by The Network, a partnership between the home. less charity Shelter and Midland Bank, found that more than 3,000 people aged between 15 and 25 who approached local agencies in the three areas of England over the last year were questioned about their problems. In Crawley and Horsham, West Sussex, 300 homeless young people sought help and 59 per cent of them blamed family breakdown on their plight.

LEISURE

Guests stretch limit of hotel menus

Hotel guests make some strange demands on the managers, according to a review published yesterday. The Small Luxury Hotels of the World chain revealed that guests at an establishment in Wales said they were staunch

vegetarians - then promptly asked to eat duck. And a guest - who was clearly not counting the calories - at a Belfast hotel ordered buttered, deep-fried Mars Bar and ice cream.

Other unusual requests include an order for cheese-and-mushroom omelette with a bottle of Chateau Latour 1979, which was ordered at Amberly Castle hotel in Arundel, West Sussex. An Australian guest in the Hibernian Hotel, Dublin, ordered chargrilled ostrich with banana and shrimp; while guests wanted a rib of whale at a hotel in Normandy, France, In Tuscany, a guest asked for a mushroom salad without the mushrooms.

Management had a slightly different problem when children, aged three and five, who were staying at a hotel in Wester Ross, Scotland, played noughts and crosses with an indelible pen on the duvet cover.



Colour warning for food freshness

New stick-on freshness testers could help cut rising rates of food poisoning. The revolutionary sticky labels change colour as goods reach their sellby date and if storage conditions drop below ideal temperatures.

Store chiefs say the labels help them monitor food freshness while the goods are in transit and help cooks keep tabs on whether the food is safe to eat. The labels are made up of a green ring on a yellow background; the centre circle is printed with heat-sensitive ink which changes from yellow to dark green over time and with rises in temperature. By the time the centre circle becomes darker than the surrounding green ring the product should have been eaten. Tesco is trying out the labels behind the scenes and Sainsbury's has introduced them on some meats and on Rogan Josh ready meals. Both stores plan to expand the range if it proves popular with customers.

TOURIST RATES

Australia (dollars) Austria (schillings) Belgium (francs) Canada (\$) Cyprus (pounds) Denmark (kroner) France (francs) Germany (marks) Greece (drachmei) Hong Kong (\$) Ireland (punts)

Italy (lira) 20.07 Japan (yen) 211.78 59.05 Malta (lira) 0.62 Netherlands (guilders) 2.30 3.22 0.83 Norway (kroner) 10.95 Portugal (escudos) 289.53 9.56 Spain (pesetas) 240.93 2.86 Sweden (kroner) 12.59 453.56 Switzerland (francs) 2.32 12.48 Turkey (lira) 324,350 1.10 USA (\$)

7.30 FOR 8

Connery may star in Lockerbie film

Sean Connery is considering making a film based on the Lockerbie disaster with himself in the role of the Scottish police chief in charge of the investi-

gation, it emerged yesterday. Dr Jim Swire, spokesman for the relatives of victims of the disaster, confirmed that scriptwriters had contacted him and his wife Jane, and approached people in Lockerbie.

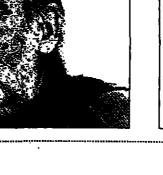
"It shows they have a responsible attitude," said Dr Swire, whose 24-year-old daughter. Flora, died in the explosion. "Although it is classed as a drama documentary, I think it may have a belping hand to play in sorting out the enigmas surrounding Lockerbie.

Connery, 66 (pictured), was said yesterday to have channelled his idea for the movie through his American-based production company, Fountainbridge Films.

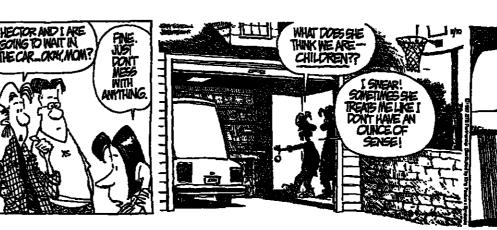
Connery is considering playing the role of John Orr, the main Lockerbie detective at the time of the investigation, who has since been appointed Chief Constable of Strathclyde Police. Dr Swire said: "Basically we feel they are doing it responsibly. I am delighted Sean Connery is backing it.

"I have always thought many of the answers about Lockerbie would come through Scotland in some way." Dr Swire said he understood the cost of such a project could be \$50-100m (£31m-£61m). Backing for the project by a star of Connery's stature could only help the chances of the film eventually being made, he added.





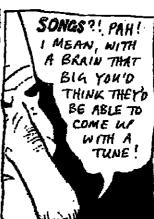
by Jerry Scott & Jim Borgman





by Chris Priestley

ERISK, MAC - VERY HOW'S BUSINESS AND WE'VE SOLD BRISK . THE STUFF IS DOWN AT THE CRATE-LOADS OF THOSE JUST WALKING OUT SOUL GYM? SO-CALLED RELAXATION THE SHOP ... HOME TAPES HAVE YOU BODY-PIERCING HEARD THEM ! JESUS! KITS ... ZEN OUR BEST-SELLER JIGSAWS-YOU IS A C.D. OF NAME IT ... BLOOM WHALE YOU KNOW SONGS .. WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT FOOLS AND



iall too m

IN THE EYE TOMORROW

Lesley Garrett: An interview little singer

Such a cunning with a banana: **Exclusive**



Wilkie Collins: The Victorians' first TV drama writer

Lindsay Calder: I don't want a drink, honest

Stores left with stocks unsold as shopping rush slows

Absence of the expected pre-Christmas spending boom has left stores with around £3bn of unsold goods. This has led to predictions of big bargains in the New Year sales. Kim Sengupto and Nigel Cope look at why stores have overstocked.

s from home

t of hotel menu

food freshness

THE STATE & - BOTTO

DY Chris Priest

At last, on the last weekend before Christmas, stores reported that a shopping rush of sorts has started, but they admit it is too little and too late to rescue the disappointing overall sales figures.

Much of the increased trade, in fact, was due to discounts of up to 50 per cent being offered to kick-start the upturn is expected to continue for the few remaining days, retailers admit it will not be enough to turn it into a good Christmas for them.

A new study, published by the Centre for Economics and Business Research (CEBR) says the result of all this would be the best bargains available in New Year sales since January 1994 when the country was still in the depth of recession.

The build up of excess goods has been caused, it says by over-expectation by retailers while placing their orders and buy them in the sales". in the summer when spending was boosted by building society windfalls and soaring property prices.

sales this year has remained Association, said: "It certain-"feelgood factor" has been dissipated by interest-rate ris- seems to have taken off." es, fears of higher taxes around the corner, and the ending of ple seemed to be leaving their building society windfalls.

The CEBR study predicts sales in January by as much as 9 per cent to a total of £ 6.7bn for the month—the highest on record. But retail sales growth

will fall sharply during the rest of 1998 as the taxes and in-

Some sectors of the market are doing better than others. Many people spent their summer windfalls on consumer durables such as electronics, and other household items, sluggish trade. And although and would be unlikely to do the same now. However, other retailers like book stores are said to be having a comparatively better Christmas.

> authors of the CEBR report, said in January the best disputer games.

riod for bargain-hunters" she said. "Perhaps the canny shoppers should just give IOU's as

Professor Douglas Mc-Williams, of the CEBR, pointed out there had been five interest rate rises since May, as well as tax increases and uncertainty on the stock market since the autumn.

He estimates that the value of unsold goods this Christmas could be more than £1bn higher than normal at the end of the Christmas period. Added to the underlying rise in retailer stocks carlier in the year to £ 2.24bn, this suggests a total amount going forward

counts would be in clothing, fashion, and hi-tech items such as electronics, toys and com-

Retailers say this Christmas has been a "white-knuckle ride" with shoppers leaving it

ly has not been a humber Christmas. But trading finally Marks & Spencer said peoshopping later and later, but it was expecting a good final

terest rates take their toll.

to January to £ 3bn.

Janice Clarke, one of the

"It's going to be a good pe-

until the last minute. Sally Although the volume of Collinson, of the Oxford Street

that the discounts will boost few days, while John Lewis said it looked like "a practical Christmas" with sales of crockery and cutlery selling better . than some clothing ranges.



Counter offensive: Punters at Brent Cross Shopping Centre, north London, yesterday. Stores say it is too late to make up for sluggish sales.

While America draws line on seasonal spending blitz

placed by the word "holiday" (as in holiday presents, holiday cards and even holiday trees), in deference to the cluster of Jewish, black American, as well as Christian festivals at this time of year, no one surely expected that Christmas shopping would go the same way.

But with ever fewer people given a pretext not to go "holiday shopping", sales are still re-

over November and December last year has not so far materito be closer to 2 to 3 per cent, roughly in line with inflation. To be sure, the Friday after

the late November Thanksgiving holiday - the traditional start of seasonal shopping saw queues forming outside the more popular department

laden shelves. The problem, it had emerged by the time everyalised. The increase looks set one had gone back to work on Monday, was that no one had been buying very much.

The big sales notched up in the early Nineties had not been repeated. Retailers had hoped that the flourishing state of the US economy and especially the record low unemployment. stores before the special open-might have encouraged people

they complained about the crowds, the inconvenience and the lack of bargains.

To retailers' dismay, the non-buying trend continued through December, with analysts searching for an explanation and big stores boping their worst fear would be proved wrong: that lavish Christmas shopping is a thing of the past.

Some may be waiting for the January sales – but sales have More people may have work, become almost permanent any-

When "Christmas" in the Unit- ported to be slack. The antici- ing time of 7am, and the shop- to throw off their caution of the but those newly off social secu- way. Americans may be relucpaid still fear their jobs are thing, but mostly they do not have to, not even in December.

What retailers dread is an ircompanies has done nothing to reversible shift, occasioned in part by greater prosperity, in debtedness: US households part by the spread of credit, in part by changing attitudes. Many households have what they want already or can buy it when they need it. Christmas no longer provides an excuse.

Mary Dejevsky, Washington

It's all too much as Spice Girls defy rumours to take Christmas No I spot

Despite a rash of stories pre- had emerged as the favourite en Shed Theatre Company. dicting the imminent demise of last week but it was a tight race only managed 15th position the band, the girls have man- against the Teletubbies before according to the Chart Inforaged to take the Christmas number one slot for the second Eh-Oh! from the too.

the band managed to nudge Say

mation Network.

This is the second Christmas The tribute single to Diana. number one for the Spice Girls.

ager. Simon Fuller, amid rumours that they were getting too - closed their books. big for their platforms. Last year they reached the top slot with "2 Become 1".

The single, "Too Much". Princess of Wales, by the Chick- who recently sacked their man-were placed with William Hill Girls and 2/1 Teletubbies. and Ladbrokes just before they

A flurry of beis on the girls Ladbrokes quoted 2/5 Spice for next year's Christmas chart, win, unfortunately it's cost us

Final William Hill odds were ber one would cost them burst by then," he said. the Spice Girls at 4/7 favourites around £100,000 but they have and the Teletubbies at 5/4, while set the band at 10-1 favourites one or the other was going to

A spokesman for William favourites for next year. We Hill said the Spice Girl's num- think their bubble will have

insecure, and a round of winter

redundancies at several big

reassure them. Then there is in-

have an average credit card

debt of \$7,000 (£4,500) - maybe

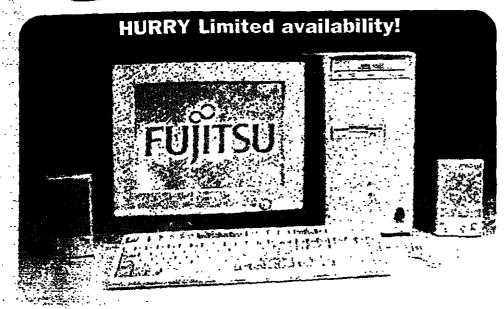
they have reached their limit.

"It was a straight fight and

"The band are 10-1 about £100,000," he added.

The BBC's "Perfect Day" reached number three, All Saints "Never Ever" number four and Janet Jackson climbed one place to number five. - Kate Watson-Smyth

UNBEATABLE



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Men shot in pub

A man died and another was seriously injured after a gunman opened fire in a busy city-centre pub yesterday. West Midlands police said the two men were drinking at PJ's Moon and Sixpence pub in Hurst Street. Birmingham, when a man opened fire.

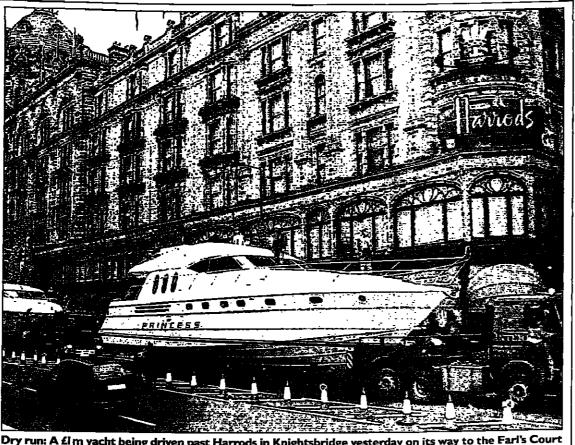
The shooting took place when the pub was busy and there were lots of people in the area, near to the Hippodrome Theatre. - Kate Watson-Smyth

Sight compensation

A partially blind industrial chemist has been awarded £103.146 compensation and is the first sight-disabled person in the country to win an unfair dismissal action. "It's a nice bit of compensation but I would prefer my job back," said Nick Kirker, 40, of Newark, Notts. He was dismissed from a British Sugar plant in Newark. A company official said: We did not knowingly or deliberately discriminate against this former employee."

Lottery winners

Two ticketholders shared last night's National Lottery jackpot of £25m, winning £12.5m each. The winning numbers were 1, 2, 7, 26, 34 and 38; the bonus hall was 14.



Dry run: A £1 m yacht being driven past Harrods in Knightsbridge yesterday on its way to the Farl's Court Photograph: Suzanne Hubbard/PA exhibition centre yesterday for the start of the London Boat Show

Dome planners add substance to style

Greenwich is set to cost taxpayers at least £750m, but what exactly will visitors get for their money? Steve Boggan reports on the first clues that began seeping out of project headquarters yesterday.

When he describes what will boggle the minds of those venturing into the New Millennium Experience, Stephen Bayley has an unfortunate habit of using nebulous expressions like volumetrically bold".

project also likes to parry interviewers questions by telling them he can't go into detail be-

ly mind-blowing that he simply does not have the words to describe it. At least, that is how his style came across yesterday during a lengthy interview on BBC Radio Five Live which ended with the presenter saying: "And after all that, if anyone has the Dome, answers please on a

In truth, following an article in the Sunday Telegraph and further interviews throughout the day, a clearer picture of the exhibition did begin to emerge. The theme will be Time with heavy emphasis on the future. It will include "a journey

postcard."

through time and space", designed by the artist David Hock-The creative director of the ney, and may also involve work by Damien Hirst. There will be a 30ft diameter steel ball interacting with a huge magnet and there is talk of reams of hightech gadgets and gizmos. There

The Millennium Dome at cause it will be so astonishing- tions, although whether these not clear.

See Candards in 1996

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"If you look at it like look-. ing down on a cake, at the moment it will be more or less divided up into perhaps nine. perhaps 11, perhaps 12 zones each of which looks at a specific any idea what's going to be in subject, with other areas left. aside for essential service functions and for cafeterias, bars and open space for theatrical-type performances," said Mr Bayley on BBC Radio 4's The World This Weekend.

"The big creative challenge of the Millennium Dome ... is this - in 1851, Britain created the Great Exhibition of the industry of all nations and that was an event of world historical importance: It provided a great building - the Crystal Palace."

That exhibition, he said, was about objects. The Millennium Experience "is going to be, essentially, about ideas".

The big creative challenge will be open spaces for theatre is to find exciting, stimulating, - perhaps including a 10,000relevant, entertaining, informative ways of articulating be a pathway or road taking the ideas which are going to influ-

seater auditorium at its core. Around the circumference will

visitor through themed sec- ence our future". DAILY POEM

By Alfred Lord Tennyson

XXVIII

The time draws near the birth of Christ: The moon is hid; the night is still: The Christmas bells from hill to hill Answer each other in the mist.

From 'In Memoriam A. H. H.'

Four voices of four hamlets round, From far and near, on mead and moor, Swell out and fail, as if a door Were shut between me and the sound:

Each voice four changes on the wind, That now dilate; and now decrease, Peace and goodwill, goodwill and peace, Peace and goodwill, to all mankind.

This year I slept and woke with pain, I almost wish'd no more to wake, And that my hold on life would break Before I heard those bells again:

But they my troubled spirit rule, For they controll'd me when a boy; They bring me sorrow touch'd with joy, The merry merry bells of Yule.

This week's poems come from The Faber Book of Christmas Simon Rae's wide-ranging anthology of poetry and prose on all aspects of the season: sacred and secular, pro and con, at home and abroad (Faber & Faber, £9.99).

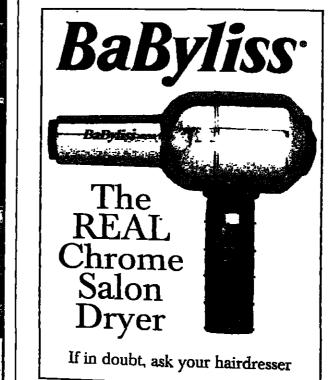


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Pioneer takes schools to new heights

Ground-breaking policies in Birmingham are raising standards in inner city schools. First evidence of rising test and exam results in the city is good news for the Government which has used Birmingham as a blueprint for many of its initiatives. Judith Judd, Education Editor,

Birmingham is the fifth most deprived district in England, according to government figures. In a quarter of its primary schools, 50 per cent or more of pupils are eligible for free school meals, the commonest yardstick for measuring educational disadvantage. Yet figures from the city's research and statistics department reveal that in this year's national test results for 11-year-olds it ranks as the third (equal) most improved local authority for English and science and the seventh for maths.

At every stage of schooling, rates of improvement in Birmingham are higher than they are nationally. They are also better than in other comparable authorities. The authority is confident that the big improvements are the result of changes put in place over the last four years under the leadership of Professor Tim Brighouse, the city's chief education officer.

Birmingham has been one of the pioneers of target-setting. now a vital part of government policy, and has encouraged all its schools to set targets to improve on previous best performance in tests and exams and to think hard about how to raise standards. The city has also introduced assessment for five- on the grounds that next year's year-olds, again ahead of national plans.

below the national average but if improvements continue at the from the 450 schools. nt rate, seven-vear-old 11-year-olds by 2000.

complacent. School improvement is notoriously difficult to him are doing a good job. sustain. Truancy, for instance, remains a problem though there are signs that it is beginning to those with similar types of pupils decline. Generally, however, the can see how they are doing.

house said: "People identify this as a campaign to improve standards in an urban area. In this city we have seen a widespread suspension of disbelief that inner-city schools can succeed."

The progress is most marked in primary schools which the city has asked to sign up to a "primary guarantee". Schools promise to bring a higher proportion of pupils up to the expected standard in maths and English as well as exploring with them experiences such as playing a musical instrument.

In return, the authority promises them enough money to do the job. For seven-year-olds over the last six years the improvement in national test results for those reaching the expected standard is 9 percentage points in English (national figure 2) and 20 percentage points in maths (national 12). For 11-year-olds between last year and this it is 11 percentage points in English compared with a national average of 6, and 10 points in maths compared with a national average of 8. At GCSE the improvement over the last five years is 5 percentage points compared with a national average of 2 which is the same as that

for comparable authorities. Professor Brighouse said the results had been achieved by both large and tiny interventions. Schools have not been compelled to accept any of these but they have been enthusiastically encouraged to do so. Professor Brighouse said: "There is moral pressure to take on baseline testing and the primary guarantee but there are a lot of other inititiatives that schools can either take or leave."

One of the biggest battles was to convince heads that they could do better: originally some set lower targets for the future pupils were "not as clever". Dozens of meetings have been Results for the city are still held to explain the school improvement strategy to heads

The tiny intervent test results will pass the national chude tips to help schools learn average by 1999 and those for from each other and thousands of personal letters which Pro-No one in Birmingham is fessor Brighouse has written to teachers whom his advisers tell

Schools are grouped according to their intakes so that



Great expectations: A pupil at Yardleys school in Birmingham tends the memorial garden with a teacher

Island of learning in the tarmac jungle

Yardleys comprehensive school is in one of the most deprived parts of Birmingham. It has two sites half a mile apart in the middle of what Heather Jones, the head, calls a tarmac jungle. Traffic roars along the main road past the windswept corner where one building stands.

But inside the gates is a different world. There is a garden created in memory of a 12year-old pupil who died last year and a pergola and trellis built by girls from the school.

Yardleys' "environment enhancement leaders, known as eels, are always on the lookout for ways to improve the environment and even spend time in local primary schools recruiting young eels. Their work is not just an enjoyable extra but a symbol of the school's belief that, despite its unpromising surroundings, its expectations must be as high as any in the land.

Nearly half its 900 pupils have free school meals, compared with about a fifth nationally, and 65 per cent come from ethnic minority groups. Yet in November it was named by the Government as one of the country's most improved schools - its GCSE results have improved every year for the last four years. The proportion of pupils gaining five or more GCSEs at grades A-C has risen by 17 percentage points to 33 per cent during that time.

Mrs Jones, who began her career at the school 10 years ago by painting over the graffiti on the lavatory walls, is committed to Birmingham council's policy of target-setting as part of a bost of initiatives for raising standards. She describes the leadership of Professor Tim Brighouse, the chief education officer, as "inspirational". "The idea of improving on our previous best underpins everything that we do."

For year seven pupils that means one time-tabled lesson a week on learning techniques such as memory and speed reading which are taught in the city's University of the First Age, the summer holiday activity offering extra tuition to 11-year-olds throughout the city. Heads of departments set targets and different subjects are analysed to compare performance. Older pupils have their own targets which they help to set. Teachers "adopt" three or four borderline pupils to give them extra help with their work and older pupils help younger ones.

The success-maker programme has been used to improve literacy and numeracy through computers. There are revision courses and facilities for pupils to do homework every night after school. Mrs Jones hands out a tape of baroque music for pupils to play while they revise. She says she is prepared to try most things to improve attendance in an area where pupils are sometimes kept at home to act as interpreters for their

There are raffles with prizes for those with 100 per cent attendance, attendance certificates and a competition to be "form of the week" for attendance. Mrs Jones herself drives everything forward. "Go for it. Make it happen, I tell them. They know I

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Division exposed: David Blunkett is 'disturbed' by the some of the plans formulated by his colleague, Harriet Harman

Blunkett's disquiet revealed by leak

disturbed him.

A leaked memo from David Blunkett to Gordon Brown raised the political temperature yesterday in a growing row over benefit reforms. Fran Abrams, Political Correspondent, examined the details.

The cost of disability benefits rose from £4.1bn in 1982 to £23.5bn last year, and everyone in the Government agrees that reforms are necessary.

per cent a year, the Department of Social Security "faces questions that have to be addressed radically." Mr Blunkett said in

and sensitively-judged reforms gued. to support disabled people to work," he said, but added that some of the interim findings of Harriet Harman's part of the cording to level of disability comprehensive spending review

Deep cuts in disability benefits across the board "would make a mockery of our professions on social exclusion and the construction of a more just society," he wrote. Under the Conservatives, Labour figures have argued, many people went on to Incapacity Benefit when they should really have been on unemployment benefits. One With the benefits rising at six million people drew the benefit in 1979, compared with two

million today.

Mr Blunkett recognised this in his letter, suggesting that more generous payments to people on IB were an incentive to fraud. In particular, an existing test in which people had to show they were incapable of any work encouraged those who might be able to do part-time or voluntary jobs to pretend they were more disabled than they really were.

Even if extra flexibility cost money – that is to say, if it meant even more partially-disabled people going on to IB - that should be seen as an investment in welfare to work.

New Deal cash for the longterm sick and disabled, totalling £195m, would be used by the DSS and DfEE to experiment

with different schemes. Allowance would be inappropriate, the Secretary of State for Education and Employment wrote. This would create disincentives to people to rebellion to do so.

He would welcome "humane work and save money, he ar-

The other major area of reform tackled in the letter was the allowance, which is paid acrather than income. Mr Bhunkett. himself is entitled to DLA because of his blindness, despite his ministerial salary. In his letter he said about 12 per cent of the £4.4bn annual cost of the allowance, which has quadrupled since 1993, was "misapplied".

The proposal that provoked the strongest rejection from Mr Blunkett, though, was a suggestion that the DLA should be handed over to local authorities. The disabled were a "weak political constituency" and would lose their benefits to schools and hospitals, he said.

Capping of local authorities would make the problem worse, and any moves to tighten the caps would mean inadequate support for the disabled.

"Disabled people will be victims of the lottery of local au-thority discretion," Mr Blunkett

He was also unhappy about some of the plans to reform industrial Injuries Benefit. While he supported moves to make employers insure themselves against injuries, "no-fault" schemes could lead to sloppiness over health and safety.

However, abolishing industrial injuries benefits for existing claimants would be "unacceptable politically". Mr Blunkett said the Chief Whip, However, plans to tax or Nick Brown, would have to means-test Disability Living make a judgement on whether such a move could be pushed through the Commons, and on whether it would be worth risking another major backbench

Whistle-blower's identity a mystery

David Blunkett went on the of- able with a system which results kett had chosen to leak it he might have been expected to have done it sooner.

Copies were sent to the Prime Minister, Harriet Harman, John Prescott, Alistair Darling, Donald Dewar, Ron Davies and Mo Mowlam, so there could be any number of suspects. The number with access to Mr Blunkett's memo were certainly in double if not treble figures.

"I am extremely uncomfort- en those links.- Fron Abrams

fensive yesterday to deny any in- in my private memoranda to volvement in the leaking of his cabinet colleagues being leaked memo to Gordon Brown. The to the papers. If there's a lesson memo was written a fortnight ... it's not that we don't have vigago, on the eve of a Commons orous debate or that we don't vote on plans to curtail lone par- present to each other what we ents' benefits, and if Mr Blun- think, it's that we don't do it in writing," Mr Blunkett said.

Yesterday a sceptic said leaking the memo might not do Mr Blunkett any harm politically. Despite his alliance with Tony Blair and high-profile agenda on raising schools standards, he has maintained some support from the old left in his party. The revelation that he has protested against the suggestion that disability benefits should be cut across the board will strength-

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Lords face radical shake-up

Tony Blair has set up a special Cabinet committee to look at replacing the House of Lords with an elected second chamber, it emerged yesterday. The move would take the Government far further than its manifesto pledge to remove voting rights from hereditary peers.

Although the Prime Minister is said to be keeping an open mind on how best to achieve his reforms, both the leader of the House of Lords, Lord Richard, and the Foreign Secretary, Robin Cook, are said to be in favour of the radical option.

They want to go for full-scale reform straight away, rather than taking the more cautious approach of removing voting rights in the next session of Parliament and then proposing an elected chamber after the next election.

Lord Richard has proposed that two thirds of the second chamber's members should be directly elected, while the rest should be appointed in the same way as life peers. Elected members would sit for a fixed term, on a cycle designed not to clash with general elections.

Mr Blair's new cabinet committee will be chaired by Lord Irvine, the Lord Chancellor, and will include Lord Richard, Jack Straw, the Home Secretary and Peter Mandelson, minister without portfolio.

A Bill to remove hereditary peers' voting rights will be introduced in November next year, but there are moves to introduce fuller reforms at the same time. Some MPs would oppose the idea of an elected chamber, seeing it as a potential rival to the Commons.

Mr Blair's most likely course of action will be to delay the second part of the reform, putting forward proposals now but postponing their implementation until later.

At present, there are 499 Tory peers, 326 of whom are hereditary, and 158 Labour peers, 15 hereditary. The Liberal Democrats have 66, of which 23 are hereditary, and there are 325 cross-benchers, 205 of whom are hereditary. The Conservatives have not decided exactly what line to take on the issue, but a number of them will certainly oppose any proposals for reform. — Fran Abrams,

Political Correspondent Leading article, page 12



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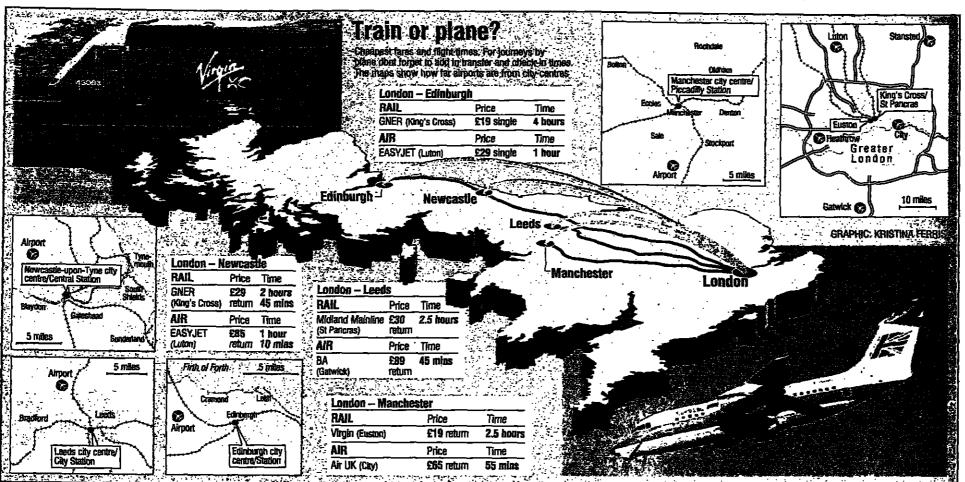
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7/TRAVEL NEWS

quiet ,

Airlines swoop on railways' passengers



Letting the nation's train set fall into private hands was supposed to lead to a rail renaissance. But Randeep Ramesh, Transport Correspondent, explains why more people might prefer to let a plane take the strain.

The war for rail passengers has taken to the skies. Airlines are targeting domestic routes which have been considered the preserve of the railways - forcing down fares on both.

British Midland recently announced it would start flying from Heathrow to Manchester next year in competition with Virgin Trains "indifferent" rail

Easylet, the low-cost, no-frills carrier, sparked a price war with Great North Eastern Railways (GNER) - the operator of saw a single rail ticket from London to Edinburgh drop to just

Experts say that a three-hour rail journey can compete with an hour's flying time.

"With airports you need to drive, park and then spend half-an-hour checking in, and then spend time getting from the airport into the city at the other end" says Alex McWhir- el companies are preparing more

Grounded: Trains and aircraft both avoid the most time-consuming drawback of modern travel - the traffic jam

ter, technical editor of Business skirmishes with the railways. Thavel. "With rail you leave a city

centre and arrive in one." Airlines are aware that rail companies need to increase passenger numbers rapidly, in order to make money. Many air trav-

"Journeys less than 250 miles are considered the railways', but that still leaves London to Leeds and London to Teeside - which we would like to operate," says Sir Michael Bishop, chairman of

Virgin Trains remains sceptical of the airline's chances. "On our London to Manchester route we have seen a 16 per cent increase in passengers. And, when we get the billion pound upgrade in, that will see trains reaching Manchester

(from London) in 1 hour and 45 minutes." However, these record times are some way off.

The "tilting train" fleet, as well as the £2.1bn worth of track and signalling improvements to Virgin's west-coast service, will not reduce travelling times

until 2002. Sir Michael claims that while the west coast is being improved, the service will "I lived in Manchester dur-

ing the Sixties - when the west coast was last upgraded - and the line was speed-restricted because of the work."

Train companies point to the European experience. When the X2000 tilting train was introduced on the route between Gothenburg and Stockholm it reduced the travelling time to just three hours. It also wiped out the air market, forcing the domestic airline to cut its services by 70 per cent. But the battle is not just

about journey times. Airports have much bigger catchment areas than rail stations. Experts point out that travellers living in Brighton are more likely to drive to Gatwick and catch a plane than take a

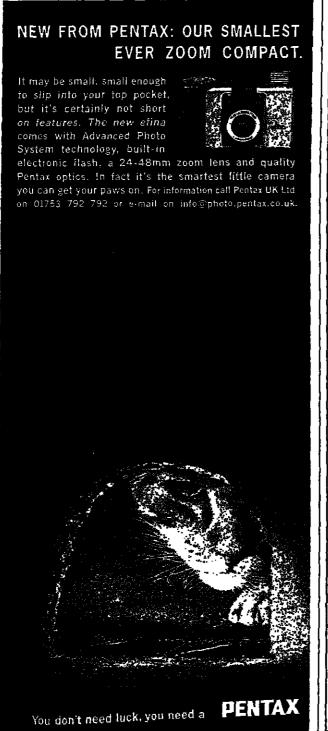
train into London for Heathrow. Rail operators are developthey serve. GNER, which runs trains from London to Scotland, is looking to set up "parkway" stations on the M25 which would allow passengers to leave their vehicles in vast car parks

and take the train north. "We do very well against the airlines going south from, say, Newcastle," says Chris Garnett, managing director of GNER.

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Reopened rail line could relieve M40

A rail line closed to passengers holding company, M40 Trains, E3m scheme would create a new station at Aston Rowant in Oxfordshire - close to junction six 50-minute journeys from Aston on the M40 between Birmingham and London, which is being badly affected by delays caused by long-term

If plans succeed, Chiltern Railways would provide halfbourly weekday services between Aston Rowant and Marylebone station in London.

association runs weekend steam and diesel trains between Princes Risborough in Buckinghamshire and Chinnor in

The association's deal with Chiltern would involve Chiltern's crowded motorways."

for 40 years could re-open. The extending the track between Chinner and Aston Rowant.

Chiltern could then operate Rowant to Marylebone via Princes Risborough and High Wycombe, while the association would have an extended line to operate on at weekends.

"Trains could be running in two to three years," said a Chiltera spokeswoman.

Adrian Shooter, Chiltern's managing director added: "We At present, a preservation believe this innovative scheme would offer real customer benefits to local people, both in terms of providing a service that has not been available for the last 40 years and in terms of helping reduce traffic on our

Air delays 'glitch'

Heathrow airport for 48 hours hecause their Air India flights were heavily overbooked.

The airline blamed a 'glitch in the system" for too many tickets being sold for the flights, and 62 passengers having to stay at a hotel.

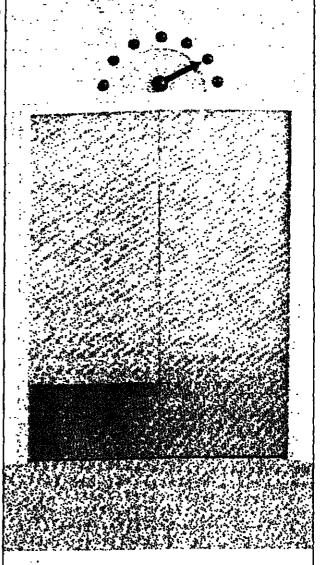
The problem began on Friday when travellers arrived at Heathrow with confirmed tickets for the flight to Bomhay to discover there were not enough seats on the plane.

Ticketholders stayed at a hotel with the promise of flight on Saturday. But that too was overbooked and the prob-

Passengers travelling to India lem worsened when the same were stranded at London's scene was replayed yesterday with more travellers joining the list of the stranded.

> One woman failed to get to her daughter's wedding today despite trying to board a flight with her scheduled ticket for three successive days. Others had their plans badly disrupted as onward connecting flights were missed.

> An Air India official said the stranded passengers would be put on a flight today: "We do have problems at Christmas, but this was an unfortunate situation ... We have apologised to the passengers". - Kim Sengupta



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Stadium politics as Premiers kick-start talks

It was an unlikely setting for a meeting between two heads of government. But, as David McKittrick, Ireland Correspondent, records, after watching the football at \$t james' Park, Tony Blair and the Irish Premier, Bertie Ahern, discussed the peace process.

The two men met for about 45 minutes following the Premiership match between Manchester United and Newcastle.

The conversation centred mainly around the issue of the loyalist prisoners, which is threatening the peace process. Mr Ahern urged Mr Blair to consider the early release of both republican and loyalist prisoners, behind and embracing politics. a tactic which he believes will underpin the ceasefires maintained by both the IRA and the Protestant paramilitaries.

Mr Ahern said: "The failure to release them is obviously putting pressure on loyalist politicians." But Mr Blair signalled no intention of a change in the British position, Irish sources said afterwards. The two men also examined ways of advancing the peace initiative in the New Year.

The post-soccer meeting took place against a background of concern in both governments about the lack of progress in the Stormont multi-party talks, with some signs of disaffection in both the republican and loyalist camps.

While few believe that either the talks Dublin and London have been getting the in the Republic.

balance right on the "confidence-building" measures they deploy to reassure opinion in the two communities.

On the one hand, Unionists complain that London is in the business of appeasing republicans with what they describe as a stream of concessions on prisoners and other issues. Republicans, however, protest that the British move too slowly.

The most immediate point of concern centres on threats from the Progressive Unionist Party to withdraw from the talks process. The Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, Mo Mowlam, is to meet party representatives in Belfast today. The party small but strategically important in that it speaks for the paramilitary Ulster Volunteer Force, and has in recent years been enthusiastic about leaving paramilitarism

Now the party complains that its concerns, in particular about loyalist prisoners, have been neglected. Its spokesman, Billy Hutchinson, said at the weekend: "The British government have courted the IRA, they have bent over backwards and they have not done anything for us. I don't think there is any point going further in this process because Mo Mowlam will not create a level playing field."

The PUP took particular exception to Friday's releases of nine republican prisoners in the Republic of Ireland. The Irish government's view is that such releases can help stabilise the ceasefires, and that similar moves should be made in Northern Ireland. The releases mean that since 16 July. process or the ceasefires are in danger of have been released before the end of their breakdown, debate continues on whether sentences. A further 30 remain in prison



long and hard for Tony Blair

cal calendar.

engaging, appears to be waning. It could be said, of course, that Mr Blair has ac-

quired the gravitas befitting an international

Labour MPs, say he is looking tired after

a full and sometimes troublseome politi-

The quiff is pruned, showing signs of re-

cession on the forehead, and the trimmed

charted by the media, and in turn moni-

ty conference in Blackpool last year, one

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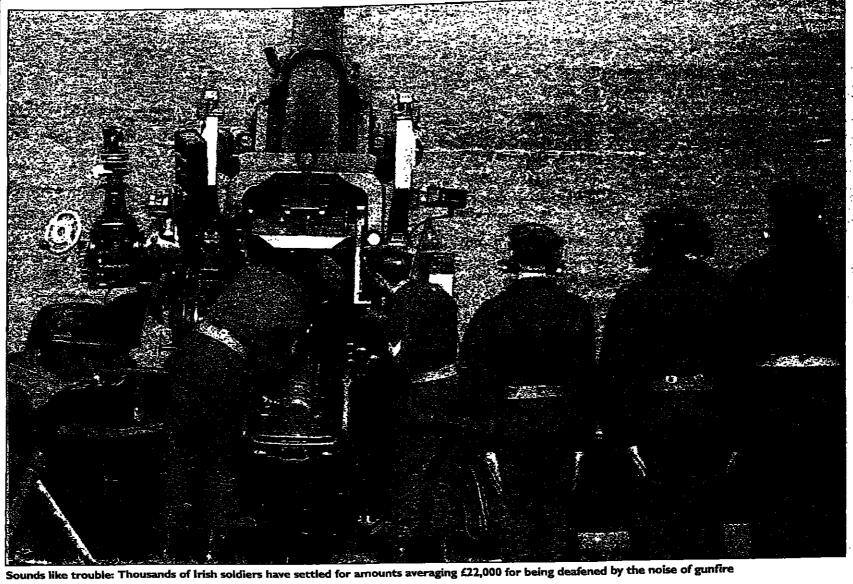
Are the trials and burdens of office start- aide saw the leader's tresses flying in the ing to take their toll on the Prime Minis- air and frantically sent a pager message to ter? These pictures taken on March, just a colleague "Do something about the before the election, and on Saturday, hair". show that the last nine months have been Two months later, the Financial Times

incurred Millbank's wrath after claims that He is looking older and greyer and a new the then Leader of the Opposition had been haircut has not helped. The youthful look, smoothing down his bouffant hair to raise

Party spokespeople condemned the report as "pathetic and untrue". Mr Blair's own response was "My problem is not statesman. But others, including some changing my hair, it's keeping it".

What do the Tories make of Mr Blair's current image? One of John Major's former aides said: " I am not surprised he looks tired with all the interesting questions being asked about Geoffrey Robinson, and sides reveal touches of grey. Particularly social security benefits, and Formula One noticeable at Question Time is a "helicopter" and smoking.

"But when it comes to hair we are on Mr Blair's image and the fortunes of his dodgy grounds. John Major could have takhair, in particular, has been been closely en Blair on easily, but William Hague does suffer deeply himself in the follicallytored by Labour's spin doctors. At the par-challenged department".



Soldiers turn deaf ear to financial advantage

The Dublin government is facing huge bills as it deals with an avalanche of compensation cases taken by Irish soldiers who claim their hearing has been damaged by the noise of gunfire.

The sums involved are troubling even for a state rendered cash-rich by the extraordinary economic boom of recent years. One prediction of the final bill is £350m, though there is a "doomsday seenario" estimate that it could reach £2bn. The fact that a thousand cases have al-

ready been settled for amounts averaging £22,000 has led to a tidal wave of new claims. Ten thousand have now been lodged by one-quarter of all serving personnel, together with many former soldiers. They are still pouring in at the rate of more than one hundred a week, forcing the authorities to detail 80 staff to work full-time on the issue.

The net result has been a bonanza for military men and lawyers and heated debate on how many of the claims might be falsified. It has also produced a wave of criticism and ridicule of the Irish military gard as an occupational hazard.

A letter to one newspaper said: "Imagine what sport Gilbert and Sullivan would

legedly deaf army suing the Crown, and the even more farcical notion of the Crown paying up." A lett-wing politician commented wryly that the military had discovered "an instrument of redistribution" a force order recommended the use of cotof wealth not yet heard of in any other

The chairman of the Dail's public accounts committee, Jim Mitchell, declared: arrived in 1972.

have had with the farcical notion of an althe sound of gunfire while still allowing orders to be heard.

Prior to that, however, aural safeguards were rather more primitive. In 1952 ton wool; nine years later another order fect hearing for their age were receiving upgraded this to cotton wool "moistened with a little soft Vaseline". Plastic earplugs

ing them to make a claim". The measurement of the alleged hand-

icap is another source of contention. A defence department witness told the public accounts committee that some with perup to £45,000 in court awards, saying they would not qualify for compensation in the United Kingdom or the United States. It has been reported that by the standards of the British army, only 10 per cent of claimants could expect compensation. The government is urgently trying to establish an agreed assessment system.

Senior military men have reacted to allegations of a widespread scam in what might be termed an over-defensive manner. One took grave exception to a sarcastic column in the Irish Times, responding that the "slights and cheap jibes on the legal profession can only be viewed as an attack on the very fundamentals of democracy

In the meantime, the Irish government chasing lawyers. The defence minister, is trying to staunch the outflow of public v which the defence mini-

BY DAVID MCKITTRICK

"Let's be blunt about this. Anybody who thinks this is not a scam must be blind. We are a laughing stock among defence forces around the world." The ministry of defence ascribed the phenomenon, in more measured terms, to "a very litigious society, no accepted measurement system for high-tone bearing loss and a very gener-

The military personnel involved, how-1987, troops exposed to the noise of ar- but not those "whose handleap is so small a hill with no brakes and preparing to run tillery, tanks and so on have been issued that they did not notice it until they spot- over the ordinary taxpayer".

were both aware that hearing damage was being inflicted. Reportedly some soldiers bought their own hearing protection. painting it in army colours, but were banned from using it because it was not As the trickle of claims became a flood, as enshrined in our Constitution".

Some soldiers claim they and the army

criticism was directed at "ambulanceel Smith, said the state would com ligence and real hearing damage. Since pensate anyone with a genuine grievance scribed as "a juggernaut careering down

Three from same family killed in cycling tragedy

A family has been devastated after a triple road accident led to the deaths of two brothers and their brother-in-law. Seven sons and daughters, from toddler-age to adult, lost their fathers after three cyclists were in

collision with a car on Saturday night.

The crash happened in misty, wet and - Kim Sengubta in Blyth, Northumberland, at 5.30pm. year-old boy, David. A former bus driver

Henry Bryan Harrison, 38, his brother Alan and mechanic, he gave up his job to raise ers' sister, Elizabeth, and they had three chil-Harrison, 33, both of Blyth, and their broth-his son as a divorced lone parent. er-in-law Donald Arthur Smith, 49, also from the town, all died in the collision in-

was being questioned by police vesterday. dark conditions on the fast and unlit A193 name, Bryan, was the father of an eight-surveyor.

Alan Harrison was the father of a fivevolving a white Ford Mondeo. The driver ing her up with his wife of eight years, Clare. He was a plumber, but had recently gained Henry Harrison, known by his middle a degree and qualified as a chartered

Donald Smith was married to the broth- Hospital, in Northumberland.

dren. Elaine, 25. Steven, 23, and 17-yearold Katherine, who is expecting her first child. He also had two children by a previous marriage.

The one surviving cyclist from the crash, Ray Walls, 25, suffered a broken leg and was treated at the Wansbeck General

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pad" of bald patch on the crown.

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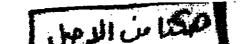
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9/GURKHA REVOLT

Retired soldiers grow militant over pension levels

Former members of the Gurkhas, the Nepalese soldiers recruited by the British army, are planning to take the British government to court in their fight for better pensions. As Prince Charles prepares to visit Nepal, the Gurkhas' anger is intensifying and has resulted in a mutiny. Our correspondent reports from Kathmandu.

It was announced last week that the Prince of Wales will pay an official visit to Nepal in February. The way things are going in Kathmandu, he will be flying into trouble.

Prince Charles is Colonel-in-Chief of the Gurkhas, the legendary but rapidly shrinking fighting force famous, in the words of the First World War British Gurkha officer Sir Ralph Turner, for being "indomitable, uncomplaining, unwavering". But now they are complaining mightily about their pensions, and in a mood to do something drastic about

While they serve in the British Army, Gurkhas are paid essentially the same as British soldiers – a minimum of £800 per month. On retirement, however, which for Gurkhas (unless manding absolute parity with they have done something very their British counterparts. They wrong) comes after a minimum of 15 years, they get a pension of only £25 per month - far less than British soldiers, who after 22 years, if they managed to stay in that long, would retire on half-pay.

The British government's legal justification for this differential is the Tripartite Agreement signed by Britain, India and Nepal in 1947, following India's independence. Gurkhas also serve in the Indian Army, and at that time, to prevent a of the Indian Army and into the British, pension rates for Gurkhas in both British and Indian forces were pegged at the who were members of Gaeso same level. And so it remains today. Some 50,000 Gurkhas rve in the Indian Army today compared with 3,400 in the Gaeso declared its intention to British forces. The pay in the two forces is wildly different, but pensions are comparable.

In Kathmandu the chairman of the Nepal Ex-Servicemen's Association (Nesa), Major Dipak Bahadur Gurung, has been campaigning doggedly for a raise in pensions for five years. To date he has had no suc-

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split in two, with the far more of the more moderate Nesa, militant Gurkha Army Ex-Servicemen's Organisation (Gaeso), largely representing Tripartite Agreement was jusriflemen and NCOs, now dehave held demonstrations drawing up to 6,000 people. They are to hell. We are spoiled in also alleged to have been behind a mutiny in Brunei on 23 March in which the two British com-

manding officers of the Sultan carrying loads, eating meat only

twice a year." But although the ex-British Gurkhas in Nepal would seem to be split between the moderately bitter and the extremely bitter, a highly placed British diplomatic source believes that many Gurkhas take a longer

were discharged from the force. future of the British Gurkhas is at stake," he said. "The regi-ment has shrunk from 16,000 even further.

not be in the interest of their in 1997 spent £3.2m in Nepal on

The apparently miserly pen- and their families, giving medmoney raised by the Gurkha round the country, building however, where the cost of liv-

the regiment's future would Welfare Fund, a charity, which bridges and contributing to water supply projects. helping older retired Gurkhas

On the face of it, the Government's pension policy seems sion provision is eked out by ical provision at centres dotted unfair, if not racist. In Nepal, envy for the rates they earn will need all his new-found

ing is minuscule compared to Britain, enthusiasm for the Gurkhas' case is harder to detect among non-Gurkhas than

There's a Great Deal going on

Cause for complaint: When serving, Gurkhas are paid about the same as British soldiers, but on retirement, they get a pension of only £25 month Photograph: Jon Garthwaite. Royal Navy

dier with a modicum of prudence should, over the course of 15 years, be able to salt away thousands of pounds for his retirement (unless his extended family spends it all first).

Major Dipak Gurung is obviously not an average case, but in retirement, according to his business card, he is head of Nepal Real Estate. Gandaki Noodles, and Gurkha Manpower International. His son went to a public school, Ardingly, in Sussex, and is now at a foreign university.

As a senior officer who has done his time at Buckingham Palace, Major Gurung couches his association's demands respectfully. "We would be very grateful if we were paid on par with our British counterparts," he says. His rivals, however, are in no mood for nice manners. They look at Singapore, and see Gurkhas in the forces there being paid pensions which are the same as native Singaporean soldiers. They are in no mood to back down. Prince Charles while serving. Any Gurkha sol- charm to bring them round.

BY PETER **POPHAM**

surge of Nepalese applicants out of Brunei's private force were captured and held at gunpoint by their own men. As a result of that incident, 11 soldiers

> In an attempt to raise the es further, on 18 December sue the British government. In a statement released in Nepal. they said: "We have already submitted a memo with our fourpoint demand to the new prime minister. If nothing comes of it, we will soon be filing a law suit." They intend to sue under the British Army Act and the Race Relations Act.

Major Dipak Gurung, head says that the Gurkhas' grievfamilies. ances are well founded. "The tifiable 50 years ago, but now it's out of date," he said. "When a

Britain. We get used to drinking beer, whisky and brandy. "But when people are retired it's very different. You see the older retirees up in the hills, they're walking around without shoes, making a few rupees

Gurkha leaves the army it is like

sending a person from heaven

"Many of them see that the in the late Fifties to 3,400 today. They realise that if the Gurkhas are seen to be too expensive, the British government might cut them back

"The reason for Nepalese joining the British Army is the pay. A lot of the money comes back here to support extended families. Some see that risking



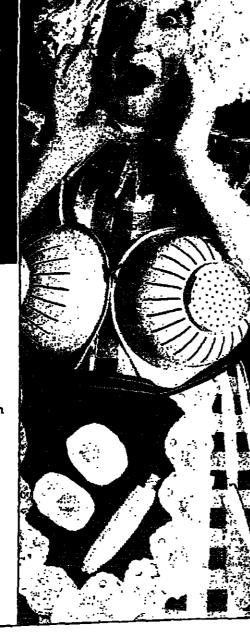
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Serbia's presidential poll haunted by phantom politics

Serbs were invited to vote for a president yesterday for the fourth time in two months. But apathy once again threatened to nullify the result. Andrew Gumbel describes the growing desperation of a country where politics is logiammed and the

Yesterday's run-off for the Serbian presidency was between the Yugoslav Foreign Minister, Milan Milutinovic, and the ultranationalist Radical Party leader, Vojislav Seselj.

economy is in tatters.

Mr Milutinovic, a faithful servant of the real master of Serbian politics, Slobodan Milosevic, came out on top of the first round, held two weeks ago; he can expect stiff competition, however, since Mr Seselj was the nominal winner of the last presidential election, held two months ago and annulled because less than half of the electorate turned out to vote.

To call the occasion an election in any meaningful sense would be quite misleading, however. Nothing about the affair has been fair or transparent, as the Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe pointed out in a strongly worded statement after the first round. Mr Milosevic's ruling order controls the electoral commissions, the most important media, and the observation teams at polling stations. Political parties with an interest in democratic reforms have simply boycotted the entire process.

Every political analyst in Serbia believes that Mr Seselj will never become president his purpose, it seems, is to scare the outside world into

thinking that Mr Milosevic's now all they concentrate on is man might not be so bad after all. That leaves two possible outcomes - another inquorate election, with yet another repeat slated for February, or victory for Mr Milutinovic.

Either way, the real master of ceremonies will remain Mr Milosevic. Although his party, the SPS, no longer commands a majority in parliament, he seems to be having no trouble manipulating the political scene just as surely as he did when he was the openly autocratic ruler

Slobodan Milosevic: Former ruler is controlling influence

of a Communist Serbia 10 years ago. Supposed opponents, like the crypto-fascist Mr Seselj or the pseudo-reformist Vuk Draskovic, seem quite content to prop him up in exchange for a few crumbs from his table.

What we are seeing is a giant exercise in phantom politics. Change is not on the agenda, and democratic change is quite out of the question. Less than a year after last winter's dramatic street protests, in which Mr Milosevic appeared to be cornered by a spirited outburst of public indignation, the energy and enthusiasm has gone. Belgrade's intellectuals have sunk into gloom, and the country seems gripped by a fatalistic depression. People have lost hope, and

surviving," observed one Belgrade writer. Wages are frozen, state salaries and pensions are several months in arrears, and the currency is forever losing ground against the German mark, but prices continue to soar. The economy has effectively collapsed and the only question is the extent of the disaster.

Factories are bumping along at 10 or 20 per cent of capacity. Since the international community has maintained its "outer wall" of sanctions against Serbia and Montenegro, denying the two republics access to international credit lines, outside investment cannot arrive. When Mr Milosevic travelled to China and Russia recently, in his new role as president of federal Yugoslavia, much was made on state television of the trade deals he signed. But these were no more than barter arrangements, with Serbia effectively begging for essential imports in exchange for oil and gas supplies it is barely capable of providing.

The international community has maintained a two-edged attitude to Serbia: on the one hand looking to Mr Milosevic as a guarantor of the Dayton peace process in Bosnia, and on the other keeping up pressure in the hope that he will deliver the three things the West still wants: the handover of indicted war criminals living in Serbia, a financial settlement of the assets of the pre-war Yugoslavia, which he holds, and a political settlement in the province of Kosovo, whose majority Albanian population is clamouring for autonomy in the face of heavy Serbian police and army repression.

For the moment, the political gridlock in Serbia is a connient excuse for Mr Milosevic to ignore the Kosovo issue. So it festers away, like another Balkan sore, with no prospect



High note: Salvatore Accardo conducting the first concert to be performed in the Senate in Rome, by the Italian Chamber Orchestra yesterday, to mark the 50th anniversary of the Italian constitution Photograph: Alessandro Bianchi

Deaths spark riots in French cities

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130s goes to D

The shooting by police of two young men, in separate incidents near Lyons and Fontainebleau, has sparked another round of violence in French cities. John Lichfield reports from Paris.

Fabrice Fernandez, 24, was shot in the mouth in bizarre circumstances by a police officer while answering questions at a police station in Lyons. Abdelkadher Bouziane, 16, was shot and killed when his car crashed through a police roadblock near Fontainebleau.

The death of the two men ignited two nights of riots in the "quartiers difficiles" (sink suburbs) in which they lived. The violence brings to a head weeks of rumbling in the deprived inner suburbs of a score of towns all over France.

The National Front, and some mainstream right-wing politicians, have used the violence provoked by the incidents to call for a police clamp-down on deprived areas.

Both men were French born from immigrant backgrounds, Mr Bouziane's family from North Africa and Mr Fernandez's from Spain.

Mr Bouziane was driving under age - his mother's car when he refused to stop for police. Four shots were fired, one killing Mr Bouziane and another wounding a 19-year-old passenger. The death triggered two nights of clashes between youths and riot police in suburbs between Melun and Fontainebleau where the men lived.

Mr Fernandez was arrested in Lyons, with his two halfbrothers. A rifle was taken from one of the brothers. At the police station, an officer picked it up and threatened to fire if the group did not shut up. The gun went off, hitting Mr Fernandez in the mouth and killing him instantly. The policeman has been placed in custody.

Lithuania votes for new president

Lithuanians have been voting in their second presidential poll since leaving the former Soviet Union, and were expected to elect political novice Arturas Paulauskas.

Opinion surveys suggested that Mr Paulauskas, 44, was likely to win the first round and go through to a run-off with 71year-old Lithuanian-American Valdus Adamkus, with the independence leader Vytautas Landsbergis trailing in third. Mr Landsbergis campaigned on his experience as the man who spearheaded the revolt against Moscow's rule, but commentators believe Lithuanians crave fresh faces.

Mr Paulauskas is a former prosecutor general whose work has spanned both the communist and post-communist eras. He had been endorsed by the popular outgoing president, Algirdas Brazauskas.

The most recent opinion poll, published by the Respublika newspaper, showed Mr Paulauskas with 33.9 per cent, Mr Adamkus with 29.3 per cent and Mr Landsbergis with 12.5 per cent. If no one gets more than 50 per cent of the votes, the two top candidates will face a run-off on 4 January.

Germans caugnt in 60-mile jam

Truckers, holiday travellers and icy weather helped create a marathon traffic jam on the autobahn to Poland stretching almost 60 miles and trapping some drivers for 48 hours.

The jam started early Friday, when freezing rain slowed truckers driving east from Berlin to Frankfurt-an-der-Oder, the sole border-crossing for trucks to Poland.

Adding to the jam were Germans driving to Poland for cheap Christmas shopping and Poles who live in Germany heading home for the holidays. Many trucks were unable to move because the roads were

By yesterday morning the vehicles - mostly trucks - were backed up from the border to the southern edge of Berlin, about 56 miles away.

Christmas tree comes

The self-proclaimed "largest Christmas tree in Europe" exploded and burned to the ground outside the casino in Monte Carlo on Saturday night.

The demise of the £100,000 tree actually 450 trees draped on a 100ft conical frame - is the latest misfortune to strike the celebrations for the 700th anniversary of Grimaldi family rule in

A short-circuit in one of the 2,200 strings of fairy lights needed to decorate the monster tree is blamed for the disaster. Several cars had to be moved out of the reach of the flames but none was

The official Christmas tree of the principality was larger than usual this year to mark the royal anniversary.

The celebrations have already been somewhat scarred by political bickering on the future of the principality and the failure of most other European royal families to attend a gala event in the sum-

- John Lichfield

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Croatian press in the dock as Tudjman pursues his enemies

A trial opens in Zagreb today where press freedom itself seems to be in the dock. Steve Crawshow reports on crime and punishment, in President Franjo Tudjman's Croatia.

Feral Tribune, an impudently satirical weekly, is not known for showing reverence towards the powers that be. In Croatia these days such reverence is compulsory. Hence - at least in the view of many critics of the Croatian regime today's court case.

The editors of the Feral Tribune have already been in court before, in connection with the offending article and photographs, which appeared to compare President Tudjman with Ante Pavelic, leader of the Croatian fascist state during the Second World War, and with General Franco, the Spanish dictator. They were prosecuted under a new law forbidding defamation of the President.

judge acquitted the editors last September. Shortly afterwards, Croatia was admitted into the Council of Europe - in effect, the waiting room for membership of the European Union. Croatia's membership had been put on hold, not least because of concerns about freedom of the

The state prosecutor appealed, however. Another court has argued that the acquittal of the journalists - editor Viktor Ivancic and leading writer Marinko Culic - has "no basis in law", and was "an essential violation of the rules of legal proceedings". Result: the case is returning to the Zagreb municipal court, for a "revised

The court originally ruled that it was "absurd, unreal and inappropriate" to consider that a satirical photomontage could be regarded as a criminal offence. But the appeal court has in effect demanded that the municipal court judge come up with a better answer - "In the revised trial the court will remove all omissions pointed

To the surprise of most observers, the out and deliver a new sentence that must be explained properly".

Earlier this year, Feral Tribune published what amounted to a defence of its earlier attacks on Tudiman, with a catalogue of actions which appeared to demonstrate a tolerance of the Ustashe legacy. The original article, entitled Bones in a Blender", attacked the "crazy and morbid" plan to "mix together the bones of the victims with those of the criminals" at Jasenovac, a notorious Ustashe concentration camp, by lining up the dead on both sides. Officially, this is seen as "reconciliation".

The attacks on Feral Tribune are only part of a wider pattern of putting pressure on independent thinkers in Croatia. Zvonimir Cicak, a leading human rights activist, faces prosecution for alleged false statements about President Tudiman. George Soros's Open Society Institute in Zagreb was recently prosecuted for falsifying official records, in a move that was widely perceived as

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young men, in trate incidents near ns and Forezinebleau scarked another ાર્ટ જ! _{વાંભાદન} in

Sant Louis Bault

Caution is the watchword as Laos goes to polls

With all the candidates approved by the ruling Communist party, Laotians voted for a new parliament that is expected to continue gradual changes towards a more open economy. Results will be known in four to five days as tallies come in from isolated areas. Among the 159 candidates contesting the 99 National Assembly seats, all but four private businessmen are members of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party. Though the power structure is unthreatened by the vote, it is the closest thing to an opinion poll since the ruling party came to power at the end of the Indochina con-

Obasanjo in hospital

An imprisoned former Nigerian military ruler has been taken to hospital less than two weeks after his former vice-president died after being taken to a hospital from his own jail cell. Olusegun Obasanjo, the first Nigerian military ruler voluntarily to surrender power to a civilian president, was hospitalised in the northern city of Yola, where he is serving a 15-year sentence on charges of plotting to oust the military government of Sani Abacha

New Nazi row hits army

The German army, struggling to fend off charges that it is a haven for neo-Nazis, suffered another setback when two former soldiers said they had seen incidents of right-wing extremism. One said officers often sang Nazi songs and listened to speeches by Hitler at a barracks in Bavaria. The other former soldier, son of the former transport minister Guenther Krause, told Bild am Sonniag that he witnessed symmetrous cases of extremism, including officers shouting "Sieg

Iran pressing for change

Iran will have its first newspaper independent of political factions in about four weeks, its editor said. The newspaper will be called Jamee, or Society in Persian, and will launch with a circulation of 50,000 a day, aiming to reach 500,000 within a year, said the editor, Mahmoud Shams, adding that Iran's existing papers were affiliated with the moderate or hardline factions in the Islamic government. Each attacks the rival faction. Jamee will be the first paper to be owned by shareholders rather than a company.

Season of ill-will

Argentina's Foreign Minister has sent his annual Christmas wift to the inhabitants of the Falkland Islands - which are claimed by Argentina - hoping to charm them out of their mistrust of Buenos Aires. Guido Di Tella mailed five different books about Patagonia, the southern region of Argentina. "It horts me to see how much you still distrust us." Mr Di Tella wrote in the accompanying message to the Falkland Islanders, who have responded to many of his past over-



Uncertain future: Montserratians watching smoke above the Soufriere Hills volcano from Salem, the de facto capital which they were forced to evacuate

Montserrat fears Britain's hidden agenda

The 4,000 people still on the volcano-stricken island of Montserrat are upset, but defiant. They think Britain may force them to flee their homeland in the next two months. Britain denies it but, as our correspondent reports, the mother country's word is not what it was.

Stepping off the Montserrat ferry onto the tiny Heritage Quay jetty on the popular tourist island of Antigua, the

the magnificent sailing ship icans and Europeans on a lux-ticket. .

made a stomach-churning two hour trip. But it was the only way to get off the volcano island of Montserrat, where there are no forced evacuation of the recruise ships, no hotels, no tourists, only a handful of makeshift shops, just 4,000 refugees and stubborn residents. Some passengers, all

Montserratians, were simply going to shop for Christmas presents - there is virtually nothing to buy on the island intending to return on the afcontrast hits you in the face. On ternoon ferry. Others were

the other side of the jetty was headed for a new life in Eng. Montserratian government said them refugees from the south come up with bad news to get land, taking up a British gov-Mandalay ready to take Amer- ernment offer of a one-way

On Montserrat, almost The ferry MV Deluxe had everyone believed the latest rumour: Britain has decided that the volcano is still threatening and plans to announce a maining residents by February. "Leave we must?" asked a banner headline on the local newssheet the Montserrat Reporter.

The fear that Britain had a What is sure is that the volca-"hidden agenda" to evacuate the island had been prevalent for report and that the British govmonths, at least since the ernment is studying this and Soufriere Hills' volcano's major eruptions in the summer which wiped out the capital, Plymouth. But the belief that an evacuation had been decided and was immonth, which quoted British vol- bott and Montserratian Chief may soon be uninhabitable.

nied any such plan. The third of the island, most of scientists are under pressure to people subservient."

Grieving relatives vesterday prayed and

burned incense on boats moving slowly

past the crash site of a Singaporean air-

Indonesian searchers were joined by

liner that plunged into an Indonesian riv-

23 divers from a Singaporean naval unit

seeking to recover wreckage of the

SilkAir Boeing 737-200 that crashed on

Friday midway through a flight from

moved a large chunk of fuselage found

on Saturday and divers groping their way

through the chocolate-coloured waters of

the Musi River were unable to relocate

It appeared unlikely that there were

any survivors among the 97 passengers

and seven crew aboard the almost-new

jet, which SilkAir said had undergone a

thorough maintenance check only 10 days

twice in mid-air and again when it

plunged into the river, 35 miles north-west

Witnesses said the plane exploded

But strong currents and tides had

er with 104 people aboard.

Jakarta to Singapore.

the wreckage.

earlier.

And the scientists quoted in the Sunday Times later denied talking to the newspaper or said they had been badly misquoted.

BY PHIL **DAVISON**

> nologists have drawn up a new considering the options. "The preliminary scientific briefing indicates that the risk to the northern part of

it had heard of no such thing. now living with relatives, in shelters or in new simple dwellings recently built by British aid. Before the volcano first erupted in 1995, there were 11,000 islanders, mostly in the harbour resort of Plymouth -

now abandoned and destroyed. Mr Abbott recently angered islanders by describing some of them as a "mob" when they marched to his residence to protect the evacuation of the village de facto capital but was deemed too close to the volcano.

Islanders are living in an area of only a few square miles. nessman, said: "In time, There are only two grocery stores, a handful of bars, and two banks operating from private houses. Many, if not most Montserrat is currently very residents feel Britain is delib- ed, will take what their parents minent peaked after a story in low," said a joint statement by erately trying to squeeze them suffered and died for. The land

Search goes on for air crash victims

of Palembang. Officials have said they

were mystified why the plane should fall

Most of the dead were Singaporeans,

but three Britons were also believed to

have died. Eugene Clarke, 56, an engi-

neering consultant, had been travelling

back to Britain to attend the funeral of

his father Francis, who died last week.

Kenneth Wilson, 43, who lived in South

Africa before moving to the Far East, was

travelling to New Zealand to spend

Christmas with his wife Tanse and daugh-

ters Robyn, 14, and Sandra, 17. The third

British victim, also an expatriate, was Ruth

dio contact was lost only a few minutes

before the crash. An Indonesian officer

at the crash site said that the "black box"

In Greece, crews working in snow sift-

ed through the burnt wreckage of a

Ukrainian airliner to recover the bodies

of 70 people killed in a crash near

flight recorders were still missing.

Mount Olympus.

Rifles seized in plot to kill Castro

There were no distress calls and ra-

Scott, 36, who lived in Singapore.

out of the sky.

us out.

The island's chief immigration officer, Sgt Kenneth Winspeare agreed. "This is our home. And there's no place like home," he said.

Mike Emmanuel, an American businessman and resident, said: "The British government's unexplainable delays and inability to make decisions makes it seem like they have a hidden agenda. If we don't of Salem, which had become the have enough anxiety, the British are doing a lot to make it

John Wilson, a local busi-Montserrat will be claimed by the people," he said. "The people, descendants of Africans, enslaved and now still manipulat-"People are beginning to erate it. In time, Montserrat will canologists as saying the island (Prime) Minister David Brandt. see this as a spiritual ethnic befree and independent despite The 4,000 remaining resi- cleansing," local businessman the devious plans and schemes The British government dedents are living in the northern Don Romeo said. "I think the to take the land and keep the

Heavy fog and snow, which had de-

layed the discovery of the crash site for

three days, slowed down efforts by mil-

itary and medical units to collect the 62

passengers and eight crew who died in

mote northern Greek village of Ano Mil-

ia was strewn with bodies, passports and

Christmas-wrapped toys when comman-

dos reached the crashed Russian-built

screens during its second approach to

Salonika airport after a flight from Kiev

via Odessa. Tasos Mandelis, an engineering consultant, said after listening

to a tape recording of a dialogue between

Salonika's control tower and the plane

that it appeared the pilot had become

The sliding plane shaved snow-covered

trees before crashing in a gorge and burst-

ing into flames where Mount Olympus

meets the Pieria Mountains.

disoriented.

The plane vanished from radar

Yakovlev-42 airliner on Saturday.

The snow-covered slope near the re-

Wednesday's crash, he added.

Annual results

The Board of Directors of Sodexho met under the chairmanship of Pierre BELLON to close the accounts for the year ended August 31, 1997.

I - BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

The number of units rose from 13,512 to 14,381 during the year, while the number of employees rose from 141,118 to 151,595. Operations are now located in 66 countries worldwide.

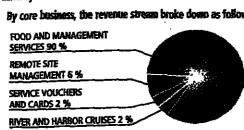
The year also saw the award of a large number of new contracts: Food and Management Services: Motorola in Toulouse (France), Chase Manhattan Bank and the Aldershot military base in the United Kingdom, the University of Pitisburch (PA) and a facilities management contract for twenty psychiatric hospitals in the United States, Siemens in Brazil, Germany and Sweden, Danone in Moscow, and the Institute of Education in Hong Kong. Remote Site Management: Shell UK in the North Sea and the Escondida

Mine in Chile, the largest mining project in the world. - Service Vouchers and Cards: Gemplus in France and the Ministry of Communication and Transportation in Mexico.

II - FINANCIAL RESULTS Over the year, consolidated sales increased by 18% to FRF 29,497,050,000,

broken down as follows:

By core business, the revenue stream broke down as follows:



Sales by major region were as follows:



Operating Income rose by 24% to FRF 1,391,079,000. Consolidated net income less minority interests totalled FRF 538,242,000, a 34% increase from the prior-year figure before non-recurring items.

To enable Societho Alliance shareholders to benefit from the growth in earnings, the Board will ask them to approve a dividend per share before tax credit of FRF 35.00. Including the associated tax credit of FRF 17.50, the total dividend comes to FRF 52.50, an increase of 35%. The proposed payout amounts to FRF 263,204,655, corresponding to 49% of consolidated net income less minority interests.

IH - NEW SHARE ISSUE

The Board of Directors noted that all of last November's FRF 2 billion share issue had been subscribed. Shareholders responded very positively to the issue, despite difficult conditions in the financial market.

IV - ACQUISITION OF MARRIOTT INTERNATIONAL INC.'S FOOD AND MANAGEMENT SERVICES BUSINESS

• On October 31, Sodexho Gardner Merchant acquired Marriott International Inc.'s food and management services business in the United Kingdom.

· As announced on October 1, the merger of Sodexho North America and Marriott Management Services in North America is scheduled for firstquarter 1998. Sodexho Alliance will hold 49% of the new company, the Marriott family will retain around 10% and the rest will be publicly owned. The new company, Sodexho Marriott Services Inc., will be the North American market leader, with more than 4,800 units and FRF 24 billion in sales. Its shares will be listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The link-up will also strengthen Sodercho Alliance's global market leadership. A financing commitment for Sodexho Marriott Services Inc. has been obtained from Société Générale and JP Morgan. Financing is now being syndicated.

The Board of Directors discussed the outlook for the future, which remains favorable. Pierre BELLON indicated that for the current fiscal year, based on currently available data:

· Consolidated net income less minority interests, excluding the merger of Sodexho North America with Marriott Management Services in North America, is expected to increase by more than 10% over the

 The merger with Marriott Management Services involves a certain number of aspects that are beyond Sodexho Alliance's control and which could

modify the impact on fiscal year 1997/98 earnings. These include: - The date of final closing, which will not be before March 1, 1998.

 US interest rates at that date. - The nature of the integration costs and their accounting treatment. Excluding the impact of such hard-to-foresee events, and based on shares in issue following the capital increase, net earnings per share should

increase by approximately 6% in fiscal year 1997/98. Pierre BELLON also confirmed that net earnings per share, after amortization of goodwill, are expected to grow by an average 20% a year over the next

As Sodesho Alliance continues to expand in the world marketplace, we derive important competitive advantage from our independence, our global reach, the quality of our teams and our excellent financial position.



Sociente Alliance worldwide leader in food and management services

For further information, please contact: Raphaël DUBRULE - Corporate Secretary Phone: +33 1 30 85 74 74 - Fax: +33 1 30 85 50 05 - Internet : http://www.sodexho.com ed by the newspaper said. The two 50-calibre rifles were seized by the United

Cuban President, Fidel Castro,

was purchased by the president

of a leading anti-Castro group.

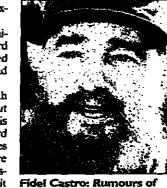
a newspaper reported.

One of two sniper rifles seized yacht carrying four Cuban exin a suspected plot to kill the iles off Puerto Rico.

Agents also found ammunition and military supplies aboard the vessel, which had developed mechanical problems and had begun to take on water. Francisco Hernandez, the The four were charged with

second-ranked official at the Miami-based Cuban American failing to report the guns. But a US grand jury in San Juan is National Foundation, bought the weapon in 1994, the Miami still investigating Coast Guard Herald reported vesterday. The testimony that one of the exiles newspaper cited FBI records in blurted out that the guns were its report. The second rifle was to be used to kill President Casbought by Miami exile Juan tro during a November summit meeting on the Venezuelan is-Evelio Pou, a veteran of the Bay of Pigs invasion. FBI records citland of Margarita.

Although the Havana govemment has repeatedly accused States Coast Guard on 27 Oc- members of financing armed at- gation to an alleged plot against said in an interview with La tober abourd a Miami-based tacks on Cuba, this is the first. Cuba, Mr Hernandez ranks sec-



an assassination plot

time a foundation official has the exile foundation and its been linked in an FBI investi-

ond in command behind acting chairman Alberto Hernandez, who took over leadership of the anti-Castro group following the death last month of its founder, Jorge Mas Canosa.

A spokesman for the foundation said Saturday he couldn't reach Mr Hernandez and declined to comment. Mr Pou did not return the Herald's telephone calls. Neither man has been charged in the case.

• President Fidel Castro agreed at a six-hour meeting with Cuban Catholic leaders last week to grant the Church television airtime ahead of Pope John Paul's historic trip next mouth, Cardinal Jaime Ortega Repubblica yesterday.

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Send the lords a-leaping and head for the Senate



EDITOR: ANDREW MARK DEPUTY EDITOR: COLIN HUGHES. ADDRESS: 1 CANADA SQUARE. CANARY WHARF, LONDON E14 5DL TELEPHONE: 0171 293 2000 OR 0171 345 2000 FAX: 0171 293 2435 OR 0171-345 2435

Suppose just for a moment that, among all the other zesty things Tony Blair did within days of taking office, he had said: "No more knighthoods." Suppose he had dropped the whole rickety, deference-ridden Christmas tree of gongs and baubles. In the Young Country, nobody would be called officially Sir or Lady. All former Tory ministers and ex-permanent secretaries would be, well, former Tory ministers and ex-permanent secretaries.

Ludicrous, of course. He would have to consult the Queen, who would never have agreed. It was not in the manifesto. It would voluntarily surrender an important lever of patronage. But, above all, it would have "implications". The entire Establishment wing of voluntary activity would be up in arms. What about CBEs, OBEs, the imperial orders allegedly democratised by the previous government? What, above all, about titles in general? If no Sirs, what about Lords? And if no Dames and knightly-spouse Ladics, what

about Lady peers? Which brings us to the weekend's announcement that legislation is being drawn up to reform the House of Lords.

It has often been argued, both by opponents of reform and by some of its supporters, such as this newspaper, that changing the House of Lords cannot be separated from other aspects of modemising our democracy. Opponents argue, in the way of true conservatives everywhere, and as Enver Hoxha did when he warned against the slightest deviation from the strict path of Stalinism in Albania, that it will all end "in a bucket of crabs".

Our argument has always been, on the contrary, that if one part of the undemocratic encrustations of our system is swept away, then the illogic of other parts will be exposed. Eventually, the dominos of deference will fall. But there are dangers in proceeding piecemeal, which seems to be how the Government is approaching the most ambitious programme of constitu-

tional reform since 1832. We pointed out recently that it was not ideal to have Roy Jenkins discussing the finer points of proportional representation for the Commons in isolation from consideration of the future of the second chamber. But both the possibility of electoral reform and the certainty of House of Lords reform are part of a wider picture still, and will have implications for a range of issues, some of which have not even begun to be discussed.

Now is the time to broaden the terms of debate about where we might, as a nation increasingly assertive of its democratic rights, be headed. Because there will be "implications" for, among other things, the honours system and the monarchy.

The debate will not be led by Mr Blair, who has added the title "conservative radical" to the list of oxymorons by which he may be described ("liberal authoritarian" and "principled opportunist" are others). Apart from strengthening No 10 and the spin doctorate, and appointing a series of

"task forces", he has left the structure and nomenclature of government surprisingly intact. To take a minor example of how this conservatism has cut across the attempted "rebranding" of Britain, it cannot have helped Geoffrey Robinson in his travails that he has been lumbered with the antique title of Paymaster General.

Nor does it help Mr Blair stake a larger claim to modernity for him to reduce Lords reform simply to the removal of the rights of hereditary peers to sit and vote in the Upper House. It may be true that if you ask a focus group whether men (mainly) should have a role in drafting legislation because their father had a title, they would say No. Whereas, if you ask them what they think about the House of Lords, they would probably say it is a good thing, if they have an opinion at all.

The Government needs to say more about what a reformed second chamber would be like, and how it will, if not affect the price of milk, at least enhance

democracy for all. That point was underlined by the official briefing that Mr Blair has set a deadline of 1999 for the hereditaries to go. The linking of democratic reform to what Stephen Jay Gould called the "precisely arbitrary countdown" to the new millennium throws into sharper relief the contrast between New Labour's conservatism and its radicalism.

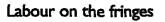
pational in patients and periodge's

We cannot go into the next century with a House of Lords which has simply been stripped of peers who owe their ermine to accident of birth, leaving an unreformed assortment of political appointees deposited like sediment by layers of patronage in the past, plus bishops and judges.

It needs to be said now that, if a mere number is to have any significance at all in secular Britain, that in the 21st century we should have a democracy in which sovereignty lies with the people, equal in respect. We should not have Lords, Ladies or Sirs. And we should have a Senate or Upper House which is largely elected.

Post letters to Letters to the Editor and include a daytime telephone number Fax 0171 293 2056; e-mail: letters@independent.co.uk E-mail correspondents are asked to give a postal address. Letters may be edited for length and clarity.

LETTERS



Sir: Professor Tomlinson (letter. 17 December) at least has a membership card for the Labour Party which he can return in disgust at the vote on single-parent benefit.

If he lived in Northern Ireland, he would not be permitted the opportunity of joining Labour in the first place - although if he lived in Bangkok, Brisbane or Buenos Aires he would be welcome as an overseas member.

"New" Labour has still not addressed one hang-up of Old Labour. It still adamantly refuses to accept into membership voters in this part of the UK even if they are long-serving party members of old - when living on your side of the North Channel.

Labour's sympathisers over here are asked to support a national government in the election of which they can have no part. When they point out this gross injustice they are asked to support, instead, Labour's "sister" party, the SDLP, although if that party achieved its nationalist aims they would not be UK voters at all. **BOB RODWELL**

Co Down

Sir: The neo-Thatcherite drift of the present government leaves millions of centre-left voters disillusioned, angry and betraved.

Those of us living in Wales and Scotland can at least voice our opposition to the Government by voting for the far more radical nationalist parties. However, for those millions of radical voters living in England the choice is between the devil and the deep blue sea. I believe that many voters like myself, who have been betrayed by the present government may well change our traditional hostility towards proportional representation when there is the possibility of a new radical movement drawn from all strands of centre-left opinion united against the hegemony of the present Blait/Hague/Ashdown cabal. JOHN APPLEBY Corwen, Clwyd

Sir: Professor Tomlinson may care to consider the preamble to the federal constitution which appears on Liberal Democrat Party cards.

The Liberal Democrats exist to build and safeguard a fair, free and open society in which we seek to balance the fundamental values of liberty, equality and community and in which no-one shall be enslaved by poverty, ignorance or conformity.

ciples more acceptable than the Labour party sense of moral values which he has found wanting.

Crowborough, East Sussex.

Farmers under fire Sir. Andreas Whittam Smith

misses much of the point in his farming analysis (16 December). Not only has agriculture been distorted by price support. it has also been the dupe of ruthless corporations.

While farmers are a convenient target, much blame rests with the feed and pesticide corporations and the regulatory bodies. These rely on a pseudo-science in which "no proof of harm" in short-term trials is used to permit a lifetime ex-

The long-ferm chemical adulteration of food and the unpredictable effects of genetically engineered crops are just two examples. Unless you are highly motivated, it is almost im-I hope he finds these prinpossible to avoid buying soft drinks or processed foods

> Meanwhile, our government, whilst trumpeting support for organic farming, spends each year, a pitiful £845,000 with a further £1m spent on re-

which expose your children to

MARTIN HUGHES-JONES for Green Party Agriculture Working Group

Sampford Peverell, Devon

Sir: You state that "farmers will be banned from ... making pigs and poultry [eat] recycled wastes from their own species" ("Animal feed ban to curb new diseases", 18 December).

Farmers were as horrified as everyone else to learn what was in animal feed, but they were not to blame for its being there.

Nowhere is "animal waste" listed as a constituent of commercially produced feeds. Agriculture lags behind in disclosure of what is actually in the product that the consumer

The guilty parties are feed manufacturers who buy animal waste and the abattoirs that sell it to them. Farmers support all measures, including legislation, to clean up feedstuffs.

BILL WILKINSON Eaglescliffe, Stockton-on-Tees

Sir: In response to your report "Animal feed ban to curb new diseases", the British Poultry Meat Federation would like to make clear that its members voluntarily withdrew poultry and feather meal from poultry feed in 1989 and this has subsequently been a requirement of multiple retailers. PETER BRADNOCK Chief Executive

British Poultry Meat Federa

Sir: You report that Iain McGill claimed that he and Gerald Wells of the Central Veterinary Laboratory discovered a spongiform encepalopathy disease in a cat ("BSE scientist was censored' ", 11 December). They had informed their man-

agers at CVL of their suspicions but their report was suppressed. In April 1990 Dr Geoffrey Pearson and his colleague Janet Wyatt (now Bradshaw) of the University of Bristol found a scrapie-like disease in a cat dur-

ing a routine post-mortem. They immediately took steps to see that this disease was adequately reported. Bristol supplied material from the cat's brain to CVL so that it could come to its own confirming conclusion.

They reported their findings in an urgent letter to the appropriate scientific journal. The Veterinary Record, which appeared in May 1990. There was also, virtually simultaneously, a release of the information through a press release. The London No

findings were reported at scientific conferences in Birmingham and Brussels within a matter of months.

As the work progressed there were a number of papers published by Bristol, either by itself or in conjunction with the CVL and colleagues at Edinburgh. At no time in that process was their work in any way delayed or censored by the Ministry of Agriculture or by the CVL.

DON CARLETON Information Officer University of Bristol

Sir: A Christmas brain-teaser for Jack Cunningham:

Assume that a law-abiding butcher excises a beef bone which, unknown to him, is contaminated with BSE prions. What is he most likely to do with his knife?

a) throw it away b) sterilise it c) carry on using it BRIAN SIMPSON

Railtrack profits

Sir: At this time of the year one Colchester, Essex should try to be charitable, even where Railtrack is concerned, and there is much to agree with in Mike Gibson's letter (19 December) about track

charges. Many of us associated with the rail industry have complained about the unlevel playing field between rail and road costs for decades.

However, this cannot disguise the fact that the UK now has among the highest rail track charges in Europe. and these charges do inhibit sustained growth of rail traffic. Also, despite privatisation, 95 per cent of these costs are picked up by the taxpayer. Little wonder Railtrack makes such massive profits.

LAWRIE HARRIES National Union of Rail Maritime & Transport Workers London NWI

Class ceilings

Sir: Your leader on social class (15 December) rather misses the point. Of course there are other sources of personal identity. However, the government social class scheme is concerned not with people's identities but with their life chances. In this sense class remains crucial.

From the risks of perinatal mortality, through those of having certain diseases, to the age at which we die and the cause of death, there are strong class relationships. These relationships persist, and so they need to be understood. Our proposal is for a class scheme which will improve our understanding of such relationships

Post-modern slogans about living our lives as "free-tochoose" individuals do not alter the realities of class. There may be more to the world than social class, but nevertheless even people's chances to "break out" of the mould, and the ways in which they are able to "assert a personal identity" are circumscribed by class. We do not all begin life with equal social resources; nor do we all have the same opportunities or effective lives. This is because there really is such a thing as society. DAVID LOCKWOOD

Chairman DAVID ROSE Convenor Economic and Social Research Council Review of Government Social Classifications

Probably unwise

Sir: Martin Gomberg and Richard Noss (letter, 16 December) question the Government's displacing of probability from mathematical teaching in primary schools. Would it be wise for a government which plans great deeds for the National Lottery income to educate future players on the real chance of winning? PETER CASSIDY Whiston, Merseyside

Not for me

Sir: My delighted eye was caught by headlines (19 December) telling me "sex is good for you". Sadly I found I am not featured at all. Apparently "you" means men, and sex is only good for men. Shame. MARGARET LEGUM Brentford, Middlesex

Kill the poor and needy, and the welfare system will look after itself



KINGTON

The honeymoon may be over and the the number of children being born, hard grind now starting. Yes (writes so I have ordered all male children our New Testament political corre-, up to the age of two to be culled. It spondent, Simon the Scribe), it looks as if the popularity that surrounded King Herod when he first came to power has now ebbed. The last straw seems to have been his announcement that all new-born male babies should be slaughtered. King Herod, however, stoutly maintains that if the welfare system is to be reformed, then tough measures must be taken.

"We inherited a government which was being crippled by the level of payouts to the needy and poor," says Herod, who swept to power on a platform of "I'm next in line to the throne, so what else do you want to know?" policies. "I am determined to root out this awesome welfare burden. And

makes a lot of sense economically. It's purely a one-off measure, and if it rights the budget, then we'll never have to resort to it again."

Opponents of the scheme point out that this will hit very hard at parents with children under two years old. That if their children are taken away from them, they will have to start their families all over again. King Herod says that this is precisely the point, and that if you physically get rid of the poor and needy, the welfare problem automatically rights itself.

Does this (writes our New Testament social affairs correspondent, Limpling Lazarus) include the disabled? That is the question which disone way of doing this is by reducing abled people everywhere are

fearfully asking. They do not want their benefits to be cut just to fund some mythical reform of the welfare programme. Some of them are reduced to the breadline, and one poor homeless man was found in the desert, barely alive on a diet of locusts and honey. What next?

However (writes our New Testament economics correspondent, Matthew the Mathematician), this comes hard on the heels of another unpopular move by King Herod, who ordered everyone to go back to their home town for a census to be taken. Well, strictly speaking it was ordered by the Roman Emperor, but King Herod will get all the flak, as he is sometimes perceived as being in thrall to the bureaucrats in Rome, at the heart of the Roman Econom-

ic Community, as it styles itself.

These bureaucrats have increasing powers to dictate policy to Herod. So are we being ruled by King Herod or by the Treaty of Rome? That is the unwelcome question which Herod increasingly has to face.

Nor is that all (writes our New Testament diplomacy correspondent, Peter Passover). It is increasingly being said that Herod is being influenced by personal advisers who have no democratic standing. The so-called Three Wise Men who have been staying with King Herod, and who supposedly have been bending his ear, are not the kind of people Israelites want advising their king. These three men seem fabulously wealthy. They are based overseas. But what do we know about their tax arrangements? Why should we listen to what overseas advisers tell us? And is it true

that King Herod plans to spend his next summer holidays in a villa belonging to one of them?

Nevermind about that - there is a most extraordinary rumour going round (writes our New Testament gossip correspondent, Thomas the Tittler) that what the Three Wise Men are here for is to look for a baby who will grow up to be King of Israel, and that that may be the real reason behind the strange decision to cull male babies. This new-born haby is rumoured to be the son of God, and thus will be one of the most eligible bachelors for many a long day, when he grows up! Not only that, but the rumours insist that he will one day rule the world, and I have it on the best authority that some people have already changed the date and are starting their

calendars again from Year Nought! I have it on the best authority (writes our New Testament court correspondent, Luke Lickspittle) that our gracious King Herod has no intention of renumbering the years. For a start, this would infuriate the bureaucrats back in Rome. For another thing, if you start renumbering the years from Nought, you find yourself at the start of a millennium, and the last thing King Herod wants to do (I understand) is face the expense and needless controversy over a huge Millennium Project. Look what happened to the Hanging Gardens

(Coming soon: Cherie Blair as Salome, and Peter Mandelson as John the Bap-

Mark and and

of Ephesus, he says ...

13/COMMENT

National insurance: Beveridge's phoney system



C ass certifies

TOYNBEE ON HOW TO REFORM WELFARE

What is welfare reform for? The Cabinet hasn't even discussed it yet and David Blunkett's worries, as put by him in his leaked memo to the Chancellor, express a growing general anxiety. Tony Blair's speech in Sedgefield this weekend reiterating his determination to press ahead with reform didn't help. For he didn't say how, not even really why.

How important is it? In the general sweep of the economy, not at all. We spend a bare 13 per cent of GDP on welfare, compared with Germany's 30 per cent. France even more. We spend the same as the Americans and the Japanese, the least in the developed world. There is no welfare spending crisis. But the more politicians go on pretending that there is, the more voters will believe it and demand cuts. "We spend more on the Department of Social Security than we do on education and employment, health, and law and order comibined. We spend more than we collect in the whole of income tax," said Blair. Scary stuff, deliberately scary stuff and if he goes on like that, he will find himself hoist on his own populist rhetoric, and judged by his failure to deliver significant cuts in social security spending - a target he cannot achieve. For example, pensions take up by far the biggest chunk, rising as the population ages, and nothing much can be done about that in a hurry.

We do indeed have a problem with welfare, but not with its overall total. We have a problem within welfare, which Blair defined well in his speech: the Tories spent an extra £44bn in real terms and yet there are more poor people than ever before. Welfare isn't working as it should, that's plain. But the growing number of poor workless households is partly because of the increase in pensioners. many of whom are poor. And it's also because we have a great more unemployed than in 1979. The numbers are set to start rising again mext year according to the Bank of England, so it hardly seems likely that an overall cut is achievable anytime soon.

needs reform. Some people who haven't a hope of ever working are kept far too poor. Meanwhile many people who are not poor are still drawing large sums on the social security budget. All the money should go to those who need it, and all who could find work need to be prodded into doing so. That sounds like a platitude, common sense everyone could agree on.

But politically it will require extraordinary bravery, with a focused programme that sets

out from the start what the objectives are. So far we have seen nothing much of that. For a government reputedly good at spin, its presentation on everything to do with welfare and cuts has been catastrophic. Any reform means there will be many losers as well as gainers, and the losers ought to be the vocal middle classes. Does Labour dare?

It's time to start all over, and dismantle the whole national insurance system that still pays out according to notional contributions made and not according to need. It's time to say that a phoney system started by Beveridge has had its day. National insurance pretended to be a genuine insurance fund, but there never was any connection between sums paid in over a lifetime and pensions or other benefits paid out. It never from its first day paid enough state pension for anyone to live on: those with no other income always had to be means-tested and paid national assistance or income support on top, so it never offered either the security or the dignity it promised.

Yet the system still pays out arbitrary sums to people not in need, when they become unemployed, sick, disabled, widowed or old, regardless of how rich they are. When I was widowed I was astounded to receive a widowed mother's benefit of more than £120 a week, automatically, without anyone asking what I earned or whether I needed it. It was paid only on the basis of my late husband's NI contributions. (I stopped drawing it.) Benefits must become just a safety net for times of financial crisis, not a right.

National insurance was a fine idea - everyone paid in, everyone got out. It was a political device for getting the rich to pay for the poor. But it's had its day. Very few people under the age of 50 have any idea what those deductions from their pay packets mean. There is no longer an emotional understanding of its significance, or sense of participating in a wider insurance system. Taking away entitlements from those who don't need them will cause an outcry, but one the Government could face down, so long as it's crystal clear where the money is going and why.

The easiest payouts would be to poor pensioners and the severely disabled who are never going to work, for whom all idea of incentives is irrelevant. For the rest who might work, depending on who they are and where they live, more investment in welfare-to-work schemes will be needed, for training, transport and childcare. The purpose of getting these people back to work is not to save on the social security bill, but to bring them back into society so they live less isolated and impoverished lives. As America is discovering, that's a social good of itself; but it isn't cheap. After all Gordon Brown has invested £3.5bn in targeting just 120,000 18-25 year olds. In Wisconsin, the pioneer welfare-to-work testing ground, it costs 60 per cent more, although and mental health budgets. They hope for a better society as a result, as we must too.

cial security budget. We can well afford it, so long as people believe it's doing good not harm. That means the Government will have to make it work better, and politicians will have to start selling the value of that spending as a very good investment for

So let's have less talk about cutting the so-

'Tis the season to feel guilty ... and there's no way out



SUTCLIFFE ON RITUAL AVOIDANCE

Every now and then the cardoad of guilt and nagging insufficiency which most of us are committed to hauling up life's slope gets a little heavier. This is had enough when the extra weight comes from something you can see coming - one of life's regular loading depots, such as marriage or the birth of a child - but it's even worse when it arrives out of the blue, as if a passerby has surreptitiously heaved an old fridge into the trailer while you weren't looking. The other day, for example,

my children started coming home from school with Christmas cards from their classmates, each one laboriously inscribed by a childish hand, and I suddenly realised that the weight of my annual failure to send cards in time - if at all had been rendered rather less bearable. Now I have to worry about the fact that my children haven't sent Christmas cards either (not to mention the niggling little codicil of the unnervingly competent handwriting in some of these cards, which pulls the harness of undone homework a bit more deeply into the shoulders). This seems to me a very baleful development, and not one for which the infants themselves can be blamed. However good the handwriting you can't imagine they have been precocious enough to plead for the dubious pleasure of signing and addressing 20 cards. Their essential innocence in this matsimply not good enough - sure- ter Twelfth Night to ensure the ly there should be some kind of parental non-proliferation treaty to prevent the addition of entirely novel obligations to

those we already groan under. It's not even as if schoolchildren need Christmas cards for their most important current purpose, which is to remind unseen friends and acquaintances that one is still alive. After all,

they generally hand them over in person at the classroom door, adding some Christmas greeting which instantly renders the contents redundant - at least as communication rather

than social ritual. Perhaps this sounds grumpily unseasonal but then I have an uneasy conscience, which naturally predisposes me to come up with an argument against Christmas cards rather than for them. If there is anyone out there waiting to receive a card from me this year they will, I fear, be disappointed. Feel free to add yourself to this list of notional recipients, incidentally, because it will almost certainly be more comprehensive than any I would have drawn up in practice.

Every year, the very first resolution I break is that in which I swear to keep all the Christmas cards in a safe place so that I can make amends after another 12 months. I seem to recall that my parents owned a specially designed Christmas card address-book, which tightest possible match between one year's reception and the next year's transmission there were pre-printed boxes in which you could tick off those who had sent and those who hadn't. And while I don't think my parents followed a draconian policy of reciprocation - if people missed a year they

weren't instantly cut off - a per-

sistent absence of seasonal greeting could be identified at

I put this down to my parents' sense of charity, actually - there was no shame in making some distant acquaintance feel bad one year by accident but to do it for three or four years running would be very bad form. Because, although Christmas cards are notionally meant to cheer you up (1 assume that's the theory anyway - apart from their useful function in enriching greetings card manufacturers and boosting the Post Office's December profits) they

other things they should be doing?). In a similar way, cards from anybody who stands to gain financially from a relationship with you can reasonably be discounted as a kind of seasonal advertising; Christmas. after all, is the one time of the year when even the most bashful of freelances finds it possible to indulge in a little holly-camouflaged self-promotion. Not always the bashful either - William Hague's Christmas card (which like many politician's postings will

have more to do with the maintenance of networks than gen-

'Now I have to worry that my children haven't sent Christmas cards either'

will only do this if you have already sent a Christmas card to the person from whom you are receiving one. And if you haven't sent any at all then every stiff envelope pushed floor with an admonitory slap.

There are some exceptions to this rule, naturally - the card that arrives from three total strangers in the Yorkshire Television Press Office is clearly intended as a corporate aidememoire, rather than some kind of lip-service to our long friendship (or are these just places where writing out Christmas cards is less boring than all the

uine friendship) this year carries a large portrait of William Pitt the Younger, which would seem to be taking suggestive association just a little too far. It doesn't help that the

incs between the public and the private are not exactly clear cut either - we've all received those cards which come across like the annual shareholders letter for Our Family Plc, complete with cover illustrations of the main product line (Susan, seven, and Ben, three) and exhaustive reports on affiliated subsidiaries ("Uncle Ralph retired this year from

Still think of me?") but a statement ("Doing better than ever") and as such demands no answer. Others carry no more information than that which can be decoded from the array of Christian names under the greeting (I did once learn of the dissolution of two friends' marriage through the arrival of a card from her, with a strange male attached as co-greeter, not to mention an additional baby). Opening one of those purely nominal cards you have the sense of taking part in some great annual roll-call, the roster of acquaintance being tallied up with every post. The only problem being that no two registers will ever precisely overlap; send a card to someone who hasn't sent one to you and you will have shouted "Present" in an assembly where you were not expected. Fail to send one to someone else and there will be an echoing silence when your name is called out.

types the Christmas card is

never a question ("Still there?

Some people react to the soanxiety inis arouses by a kind of Christmas card carpet bombing - but in the long run that will only lead to retaliation and a spiral of escalation. There is, of course, a much easier way to avoid causing or feeling embarrassment - and that is to establish a solid reputation as a permanent absentee. That's the theory, anyway. Now all I have to do is to find some way to re-Unilever, Australia"). For such move the unwanted guilt.

Maiden speeches that came top of the class



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ÄBRAMS REVIEWS THE NEW MPS

The trunks are packed; the bus is ready to leave. As Westminster's new boys and girls depart for the Christmas holidays today, what will be written on their end-of-term report cards? Those heady days back in May when they all - well, apart from the Tories, that is - posed for euphoric class photographs seem so long ago.

· By tonight, the last of the May '97 intake will have made their maiden speeches (with the exceptions of Gerry Adams and Martin McGuinness, who turned up only to demand lockers while refusing to attend class; and Mohammed Sarwar, suspended from Labour's whip after being accused of breaking the rules to get in). And what did these speeches tell us about our new MPs? In most cases, not much.

The typical maiden speech began: "Little Snoddling is an historic town, having been the first place in England to install digital security cameras" before a fulsome tribute was paid to the previous incumbent without mentioning his alcoholism or the fact that he only ever visited on polling day. Some MPs broke the mould, though. This term's class wag was Stephen Pound, who related the huge but vain efforts he had made to find out even one interesting thing about

Ealing, North. In June 1889, though, a giant circus elephant had collapsed and died on Castlebar Hill: "The giant pachyderm, with its last few breaths, bravely staggered forward, and is to this day to be found underneath the road - unfortunately. just over the constituency border in Ealing, Acton and Shepherd's Bush." Charlie Chaplin and his brother Sidney lived there briefly, but they took the first opportunity to flee to Bermondsey.

Mr Pound's speech was far more warmly received than the one he made a few weeks later to the Parliamentary Labour Party, in which he described the cut in lone parents' benefits as the equivalent of a couple of packets of tags.

Another MP who went for the wag award, and only narrowly missed it, was Lembit Opik, Liberal Democrat MP for Montgomeryshire. He confessed his name caused him some problems, as he was born in Northern Ireland to Estonian parents but now represented a Welsh seat. His constituency officers had wondered briefly if he would mind standing as "Alex Carlisle" so his predecessor's posters could be re-used, before quietly adapting his name to "Lembit

ap Opik, he said. "By a remarkable co-incidence my name turns out to be an anagram of I kil to be MP. he confessed.

Others, though, simply refused to obey the rules. Martin Linton, former Guardian journalist and MP for Battersea, laid into the Tories so hard that one of them broke with tradition himself by interrupting to protest. The opening of the Opposition's books. Mr Linton claimed, would reveal that the 95tematic sale of honours has always been a significant source of Conservative Party funds .

John McDonnell, who beat the far-right Terry Dicks in Haves and Harlington, was even more blunt. His predecessor was "a stain on the character of this house", he said. Mr Dicks' "espousal of racism and various corrupt dealings" had brought shame on the political process, and my constituency can now say good riddance' to this malignant creature".

Others were more subtle.

'Stephen Pound related the huge but vain efforts he had made to find out even one interesting thing about Ealing North'

but equally dangerous. Melanie Johnson, whose forcrunner in Welwyn and Hatfield, David Evans. had accused her of spawning "four hastard children" and of never having done a proper day's work (she lives with the father of her children and worked as a schools inspector) showed

real flair in this department. Mr Evans was a colourful and even, on occasion, charming character who had enjoyed being an MP. "He will miss it," Ms Johnson concluded, omitting to address the question of whether the House would return the sentiment.

Martin Bell, the independent MP for Tatton, had a similar problem with Neil Hamilton. Admitting that he had "one or two semantic difficulties" with this part of his speech, he paid tribute to the disgraced former minister's constituency work without saying how tireless or otherwise it was, and on the fact that he had "revived the spirit of democracy in Tatton".

Desmond Swayne, Conservative member for New Forest. had a little difficulty with the uniform - his bow ties caused a few comments - and also with grasping the concept of his party's new liberalism. In his maiden speech he claimed prison inmates used to have access to the full contents of the Argos catalogue until Michael Howard came along. "We should eschew currying favour with the criminal classes," he concluded.

Later, he caused outrage when he quoted the medieval St Bernard of Clairvaux while arguing against women serving in infantry regiments. "To be always with a woman and not to have intercourse with her is more difficult than to raise the dead," he recited, adding: "As one is not capable of the latter, one is certainly not capahle of the former."

Class swot - in the nicest possible way - was the Liberat Democrat MP for Lewes. Norman Baker, who made the first maiden speech, in which he claimed to have been listening to Queen's Speeches when his contemporaries were probably watching Tom and Jerry cartoons. He went on to ask more questions in his first

three months than his predecessor had done in 23 years. and made no fewer than 24 interventions in a debate on the hitherto-obscure Plant Varieties Bill, which allowed the

patenting of crops. Mr Baker also distinguished himself by infuriating the Minister without Portfolio. Peter Mandelson, with his constant questions on his activities. In July, Mr Mandelson was moved to hit back by pointing out that this endless inquiring was costing the taxpayer tens of thousands of pounds.

A number of new members deserve bravery awards, not least Michael Foster, Labour MP for Worcester. His rather rash promise to back a hunting han if he won the hallot for private members' Bills came back to haunt him. Despite some disapproval from his own side, he did not flinch, though his career prospects will probably not have improved. Similar honours go to the 14 new members who stuck to their principles and voted against the Government's proposals to cut lone parents' benefit earlier this month.

Some, though, distinguished themselves mainly by not speaking in class, Fiona Jones, Labour MP for Newark. has been putting off making her debut in the chamber but hopes to catch the Speaker's eve today. She says her homework is done, though. "It's been written for two or three weeks. It's just a question of finding the time to get it in." she said. A lame excuse, possibly, but at least she didn't try claiming her dog had eaten it.

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Not quite been able to get to grips with Christmas shopping this year? With just three shopping days left, Holly Davis gives you her tips for the most stylish shopping list for the last minute festive frenzy.

HOME FOR UNDER £6

These days the truly fabulous are investing more in their homes than on their wardrobes. Bathrooms, kitchens and studies are all just screaming out for a make-over.

I: For a bathtime treat to make Cleopatra jealous. Daisy the cow Milk soap, £5.95, from The Conran Shop, Michelin House, 81 Fulham Road, London SW3, inquiries 0171-589 7401 2: Scribble sweet nothings in pistachio, cream and baby blue notebooks, £4.50 each from Paperchase, 213 Tottenham Court Road, London Wi and branches nationwide. For stockists, call 0171-580 8496. 3: Aluminium mug not recommended for hot drinks, might be a bit of a scorcher, £4.95,

RED FOR UNDER £30

from Muji, 26 Great Marlborough Street, London W1, 0171-323 2208.

If in doubt, go for something bright and vibrant. Red is always a good winter warmer and, unlike chocolate brown and grey, it never goes out of

4: Brighten up dark winter nights in red cotton pyjamas, £27.50, from Habitat, as be-

5: Pack up your make-up troubles in a red vanity case. £19.95, The Conran Shop, Michelin House, 81 Fulham Road, London SW3, inquiries 0171-589 7401.

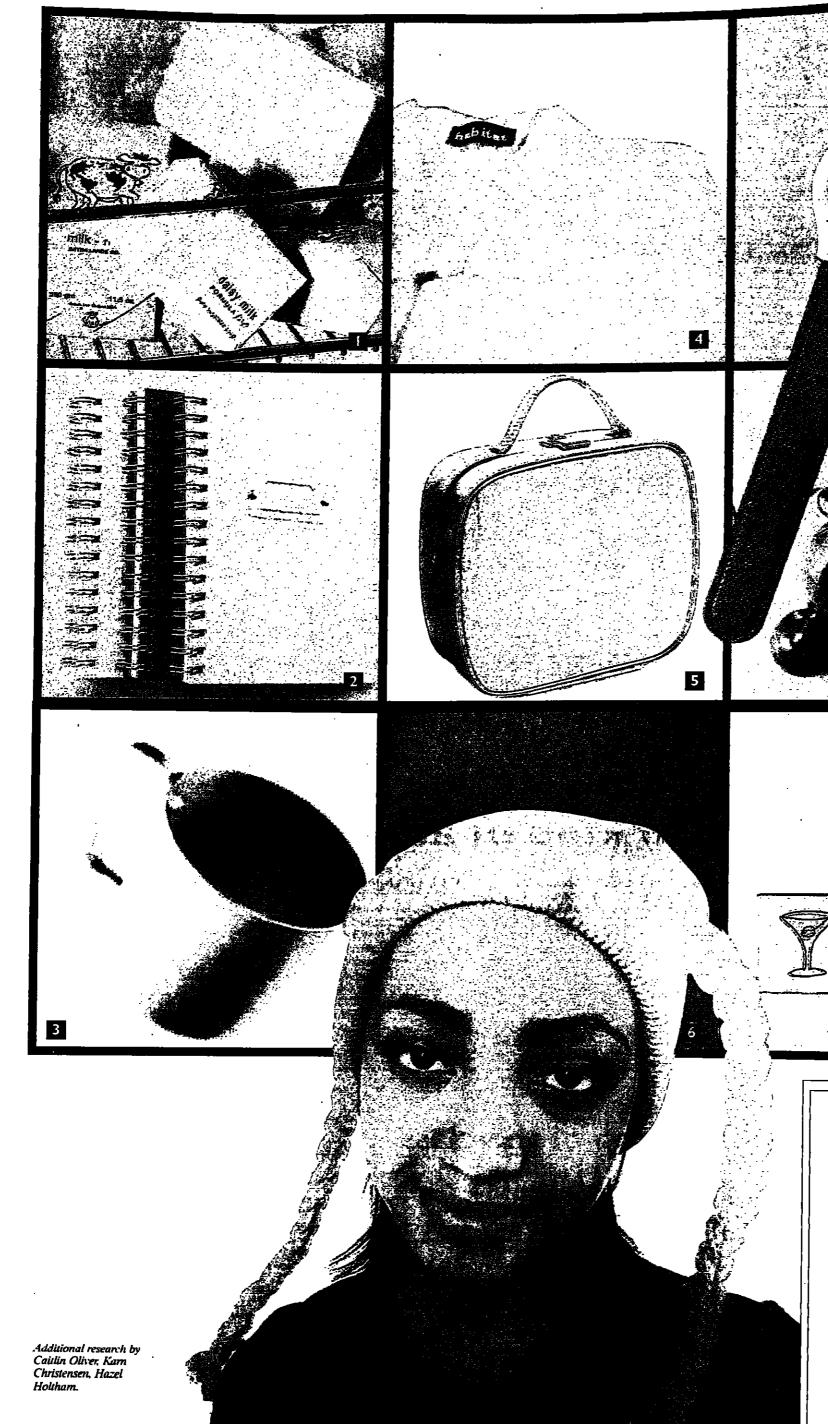
6: Dress up like Little Red Riding Hood in a red hat complete with plaits, £19_50, from The Hat Shop, 14 Lamb Street, London E1, inquiries 0171-247

GADGETS -**FOR** UNDER £50

Everybody loves a gadget on Christmas Day, something they can plug in, shake up, wind up and play with for the day. It's not just children who want toys for Christmas.

7: Two-timing made simple with a Dual face watch, £47.50 at Paperchase, as before. 8: Practise your saucy skills and combine it with a Billy Whisk, £19.75, by Phillips, available from John Lewis, Oxford Street, London W1 and branches nationwide; inquiries

0171-629 7711. 9: Mix the perfect cocktail every time with a classy shaker. Just twist the sections round for cocktail recipes, £49 from Jerry's Home Store, at Bentalls in Kingston: Harvey Nichols, Knightsbridge, London W1, inquiries 0171-581 0909.





One advantage of leaving your Christmas shopping to the last minute is that you can scoop up some bargains in the pre-Christmas sales, says Tomsin Blanchard.

If you are one of those Christmas Scrooges who wishes you a week so you could do all your your dreams have come true this year.

Every year the sales seem to now £55 start a little earlier. Liberty has reduced most of its fashion merchandise by 25 per cent. "It's an early Christmas present," said a Liberty spokesman. People are panicking for that lastminute dress and they all know jacket was £350 now £225, that by Saturday, prices will be skirt was £150 now £95

slashed. They might as well have that little extra incentive

Among the bargains worth searching out at the Regent Street store is a rose embroidered dress by the designer of 1997, Alexander McQueen. Other sales that will be starting fashionably early include ...

could postpone Christmas for Plum velvet tie coat was £570 shopping in the January sales, Sparkly lurex dress was £115 now £79 Black pencil skirt was £110

> Aquascutum Mens suits were £425 now £295 Ladies cashmere coat was £1,295 now £895 Ladies 100 per cent wool suit:



Embroidered dress by Alexander McQueen. was £259, now £195, from Liberty, Regent Street,

Photograph: by Ben Elwes

Comme des Garcons Navy long wool/chiffon dress was £325 now £230 Navy woollen/chiffon skirt was £390 now £275

Brown wool cardigan was £325 now £230

Gina shoes Long chocolate olive suede boots were £450 now £295 Red snakeskin court shoes were £225 now £139

Black ankle cowboy boots were

£295 now £195

Nicole Farhi Valentino Red crepe wrap-over dress was

£1,520 now £912 Long camel coat was £1.740 now £1,045 Pinstripe trouser suit was £1,590 now £954

Black dress was £50 now £25 Long cashmere trimmed coat was £179 now £120 Velvet fur-trimmed jacket was £120 now £80

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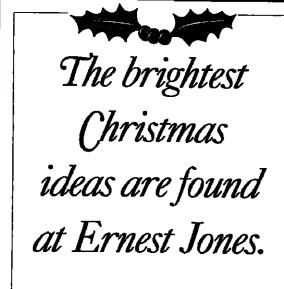
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15/INTERVIEW



Portrait of Helen Mirren as you'd never dream of her (a very special kind of auntie)

HELEN MIRREN

The actress and her nephew tell Lynne Wallis how he became the son

"My grandmother had 14 kids, our mum had three, and my sister Kate and I have one between us, which is why Simon is so important. That's a hell of a shrinkage over three generations. I fell in love with Simon when he was a little boy. We used to call him "Tiger" after the old Shell adverts, and he was always very funny, never grumpy or a tortured soul. The main thing, the bond, is that he's my nephew, but we also get on incredibly well. If I do screen work I'll show it to Simon before I've even looked at it, and I've done that from before we even knew he could write. It's partly because I eration. Now, I get the tapes sent straight round to him when they come through. want to stay in touch with the young gen-

naster Watt lege. The distance prompted our discovery freeds other bush of the distance prompted our discovery freeds other bush oth Simon and I are always on the phone now.

Last year, when my many first the simon and I are always on the phone now. alised how much we rely on each other. When there aren't many of you it distils the experience down. We're all very close, but the appearance of Simon as a writer has taken us all by surprise, because we didn't know! He'd always told stories, but we had no idea he had all this inside him. It makes you realise you don't know children at all, and I can understand why parents get so hooked up on exams, because

Manuer Neer Dies'

of how they are progressing. Kate and I both did well in exams, while Simon didn't, but his imagination is unbelievable and because he is instinctive, not intellectual, he is a 1,000 times better writer for not having had Chaucer forced down his throat at university. It would have ruined him, been a real tragedy. (I must say though, his spelling is so awful that not even

they are often the only measure you have

one, almost as good as being a grandmother. Simon is exactly like my son, except that he's not. There is no chastising, only spoiling, and you can be racy, and break all the rules. I've never wanted kids but I'm verv happy to enjoy other people's, and I'm incredibly lucky to have Simon. Because he's been around us, he's not afraid of women and he's never an arsehole, like these neurotic men who are all messed up. It's just not in his nature, because he's so open.

Simon and I generally like the same things, but I'm more likely to enjoy an art gallery than he is, and I'm not as into music as him. We used to go out to trendy bars

I remember young guys being absolutely vile when I was young, wheras Simon has always been so sweet

around London, because I love to see what young people are doing, and when he was a teenager he'd always have about five absolutely gorgeous boys around, real South London, you know. So handsome. Imaginel I remember young girls being absolutely vile when I was young, whereas Simon has always been so sweet. Perhaps it's an age gap thing, that they're nice to older people who can handle them.

I want to come back to England. I miss the rain, the cold, people in the street, and of course my family. I wish I'd picked up an accent, although I do say hooker and trash. God, what a life! I heard about some had reviews when I was in LA about Painted Lady but I don't read them. Why go through the pain? I wanted it to be an

spellcheck can spot the mistakes, because he'll spell "wear" as "ware").

almost gothic extravaganza, and I knew it was populist. Simon was the first to see it cately if he didn't like it. I can't stand brutal truth. I'm too fragile.

He's mercurial in temperament, emotional, and he will cry but he's also very manly and it's a wonderful mix. That was why he got on so well with Liam Neeson when we were together. Liam grew up around women and is very like Simon, blokish but emotional. Simon is also very protective and I could absolutely rely on him to fight my corner. .

He never, ever calls me aunt, it's not allowed, but for about three years now I've said "It's your aunt" into the phone. He has become more and more important to me as we've got older, and it's easy to love a nephew unconditionally because at the end of the day it's not your investment. Our relationship isn't as fraught as parent/child because aunts aren't judgmental, but you do miss out too. I love Steve Martin's film Parenthood and at the end I was in floods of tears because I'll never know the pain and the pleasure of it - of parenthood.

I've never worried about my age except when I was 15 and I didn't want to be 18. unlike most girls who can't wait to grow up. Thirty-two is the best age because things just get better and better. People become more interesting from about 25 - they develop character and their personalities come out. It's great to see someone like Simon reveal their individuality. I do worry about the Mirren thing, and I'd hate to see it go against him, for it to look as if he were using the name, because he doesn't. He's got his work on his own merit. I also worry about the culture of celebrity, because he was born in London and grew up with it. Everyone wants to be a movie star or a model, to be in the papers, but few realise just what hard work it is, getting up early, and so on. I worry about it less with Simon now because he's had life experience. It's as if everything that happened to him until now was meant to be, exactly right for him to be a writer. It's such a relief he's discovered what he wants to do."

with a certain amount of burt

pride, one old woman in the

front row sat through the whole

concert tapping her feet to a dif-

ferent tune: she was plugged in

to a Walkman. That, however,

was fairly tame behaviour com-

pared to the heckling my older

"I took the name Mirren for my mum's sake, in recognition that it was she who brought me up - my dad baled out when I was 11. After that, I was always around women. We're a very close family, partly because there aren't many Mirrens left, and when I'm with Helen and my mum, we talk and talk, about everything and anything.

My auntie Helen is like my mum number two, and we're very close. I grew up in south-east London and we never had much money, but all the way, Helen has helped us out financially. My mum, a teacher, four years older than her sister. is tough just like Helen, and the good thing, for me as a writer, about growing up with strong women, was that it gave me the woman's perspective. It was invaluable in terms of understanding how women's minds work. I'm not an intellectual writer - I write about real people and real situations.

Kate and Helen weren't always as close as they are now. When I was born, everything changed because my mum had so much love for me while Helen wanted to achieve something else with her life and she knew she wouldn't have kids. That difference, that understanding, brought them closer, and I am to Helen like the son she never had. I don't think Helen has any regrets about not having kids, but I have to admit I would have loved to have seen her as a mother. She would have been great. My pet name for her is Pops, short for her mother's nickname for her, Popper, Helen and I both love telling stories and we're both real lefties.

When I was a plasterer, doing Michael Grade's ceiling. I went to Bafta for the preview of Prime Suspect with Helen. I wasn't blown away by the event because people are people whether plasterers or film stars, but I was terrified seeing my lovely little aunt in the middle of all this attention, the cameras, all this mayhem. The press thought "ah, toyboy" and were so

disappointed to discover I was a Mirren. dreading the forties, and it's during her late was going to be something really big, and she wouldn't let me go from her arm. Everyone was raving about it but she came straight over to me and said, what do you think? Later on when she won the awards

I was in tears but she was so cool. Helen is such a grounded person, she's definitely of the earth. She enjoys the respect she has earned but she never namedrops, and she is genuinely interested in other people, which is partly what makes her such a great actress - people-watching. Helen can handle any situation, and she isn't afraid of saying whatever she believes. People say she is controversial and she's not, she just isn't a coward. It wasn't

I was terrified seeing her in the middle of all the cameras, all this mayhem. The press thought 'ah, toyboy'

easy being an actress in the Sixties, and she has learned to stand up and say her piece if she feels strongly about something. She is a very driven woman, who is doing exactiv what she's always wanted. Helen advises me about work and scripts all the time, but her career decisions are strictly down to her. I never get involved. One particular occasion when I felt my sense of worth to her when she was in a play called Sex Please, We're Italian which wasn't hugely successful and I was some comfort I think. I said, you chose this career, and these things happen, don't worry about it, although personally, I loved it. Helen says it's one thing getting there, and another staying at the top. It's ironic that in her thir-

It became obvious then that Prime Suspect forties that her career has really come I lived in Helen's flat for six years, and

I see her a lot when she's around. We'll all be together at Christmas - my girlfriend Louise handles Helen's PR and they're good mates. I think Helen will come back to London to live soon. She's tired of LA now. She's in England often and when she's here I tend to cook in for Helen and her man Taylor at my place in Battersea, although my wallet had a real shock at how much Helen's favourite champagne, Krug. costs. Everyone thinks Helen smokes but she hates it. She thinks it's a really stupid thing to do, but would never nag me about it. The great thing about Helen is she'd never say, you should do this. She'd say, I think it might be better if you did this, not that. I go to my mum and to my mates with problems, but if it was something really full on, involving say the way I was bringing my daughter up, I'd go to Helen. I don't know if she realises just how much I listen to her.

Her mother died last year and it brought us all even closer together. Kate was close to her father, Helen to her mum. I think we all realised that even if someone is adored by everyone, at the end of it they are surrounded by about three people, and it made us realise how valuable the time we have together with those we love actually is. I'm so proud of her, and I want her to be proud of me one day. I've written for The Bill, and I'm doing Casualty soon, but I know she'd like me to do something like Prime Suspect. I'm blessed that I've got her as my aunt, and my mates

I remember when I was about 10, Helen and I and the rest of the family were planting carrots out in the country. She's a keen gardener. It was an idyllic moment, and Helen said, do you know what is so sad? You will never remember this. That made me remember it. Recently, I said, do you remember when we planted those carrots? She didn't remember at all."

ties she was very scared of getting old, Deborah Ross is away



When he was a hospital chaplain, he had literally to gird his loins before entering the geriatric ward. 'They're at just the right level in wheelchairs,' he explained

Harvest Festival and Christmas must be low spots in the calendar for the old people who live within visiting distance of our primary school. At Harvest Festival they get all the tins of Spam and sandwich spread donated by parents (usually still bearing the tombola ticket from the summer fair), and then at Christmas the geriatrics at the local hospital are dragged from the day room and expected to smile sweetly as Year Six squawk their way through a medley of festive hits.

But they are starting to fight

son got when his class went to do their bit. "This is crap! Crap! Stop the show," shouted an otherwise sweet little old lady at the back as they struggled to hit the high notes of "Silent Night" without the aid of rubber hands. The local vicar confirms that old people just do not know how to behave these days. "Religion back. This year, my son reported

and sex," he confides darkly, "are always the last to go." When he was a hospital chaplain, he had literally to gird his loins before entering the geriatric ward. "They're at just the right level in wheelchairs," he explained with reference to his groin. "I would be murmuring "the body of Christ" and they'd reply "I bet you've got a big willy." Must start going to church ~ I'm told he gives good sermon too.

New Labour, new pantomime villains. Once a year, just to remind myselt of why teachers need at least 12 weeks' holiday.

I accompany a school trip; but I choose well, avoiding anything that might involve too much interaction with the pupils tso difficult to like other people's children isn't it?). This time it was a production of The Pied Piper at the wonderful little Orange Tree Theatre in Richmond. The villain of the piece was a Spin Doctor, chillingly modelled on Peter Mandelson. It may have gone over the children's heads but it certainly frightened us grown-ups.

I don't know what Father Christmas made of my children's lists. There can't be many 11-yearolds who want a thermometer for Christmas - one of those gun ones that you stick in your ear. We had to have the doctor round to him yesterday as his temperature had reached previously unscaled heights. (1 wasn't too worried because he hadn't lost his sense of drama -"I'm going to sleep now ~ probably for the last time" he croaked, "And when I die will you have a room full of pho-

Having failed to reach any other diagnosis, the doctor - in that smugly provocative way

tographs of me?")

they have - pronounced that he was inclined to think "that this is the first real case of flu I have seen this year". No, he insisted. the flu my son had two weeks ago was not real flu - and why not? Because I had not called the doctor, and parents always call the doctor when their children

I hope Ffion is an optimist, I read all the newspaper gush at the weekend eulogising her "hour-glass figus . An optimist would say that referred to a small waist. A pessimist would say it mean; a pig bottom.

In the land of the "economic miracle" the Japanese themselves coined the term "economic animal" to define what they perceived as their role in the jungle of international trade and industry. Masaru Ibuka, the co-founder of one of post-war Japan's industrial giants, was no animal. He was the blessed exception, a human genius of a kind that is becoming increasingly rare. He belonged to an endangered species, preserved in his natural habitat, the Sony factory.

Ibuka was educated at Waseda Senior High School and Waseda University, where he made his mark as a research engineer in the photochemical laboratory. While he was working there, in the years 1933-37.

a form of neon called "modu- panies do. But there are lots of tric "sitting mat" of the same tem". This won a prize at the 1933 Paris Exhibition. He was described as a "student invenimaginative intuition that cave him his flashes of inventive inspiration.

This unique insight is almost an artistic gift, and is rare in Japan, as he discovered in his post as manager of the Radio Telegraphy Department of Japan Audio Optical Industri-1940, and as managing director of the Japan Measuring Apparatus Co. 1940 to 1945. In May 1946. Ibuka founded Tokyo Tsushin Kogyo (Tokyo Telecommunications Engineering Co), which was to become the Sony Corporation. The Japanese economy after

the Second World War was in a state of complete collapse. The company was capitalised at only 190,000 yen and employed 36 people. Management policy was to keep the company to a workable size, and not to chase grandiose ambitions. At the modest party celebrating the company's foundation, Masaru Ibuka made a speech, saying:

technology.

'What people call 'business' tor of genius". It was a form of is, I think, the ability to create things with necessary effort, so that we can earn money wiping the sweat from our

Ibuka had a very pure sense of business, and claimed that he had almost no management ability, and few ideas about how to make lots of money. But al Corporation, from 1937 to he possessed the wonderful human gift of being able to attract the right kind of collaborators, those rare people with talent and imagination. Among them was Akio Morita, who was to take over from Ibuka as Sony's chairman, and a number of young "disciples". Working for Ibuka was like joining a

Yet the development of the company was a sequence of failures and successes. Ibuka's first bright idea was to create an electrically beated carpet, ideal for spreading on chilly tatami, and it sold very well. But it had no thermostat, and no adiabatic material, and he was worried in case one caused a fire. Then the "We can never achieve anything main hall of Horyuji Temple in his first brilliant invention was if we try to do things as big com- Nara was burnt down by an elec-

lated light transmission sysempty commercial slots we type-not made by Ibuka's firm; that invented the Trinitron TV could occupy in electronics so he stopped making the product.

The company's first big success was the creation of the first Japanese tape recorder. Ibuka started painting metallic tape with a magnetic substance, a paste that was initially applied to the tape by hand, with brushes made from the hairs of tanuki, the beloved Japanese badger. It was first produced in February 1949, and gradually gained world-wide renown. They also made a very highquality tape recorder called "Betamax", but this was a failure. These ideas came from Ibu-

ka's long experience in the photochemical laboratory. From his early career in electrical engineering he developed a transistor radio, another huge success that led to Sony's becoming a world-wide enterprise with production outlets in the United States, Great Britain, Holland, Hong Kong and many other countries. The item entered world history when the prime minister of Japan, Eisaku Sato, visited France and greeted de Gaulle with the gift of a Sony transisand respect, was Supreme tor, whereupon de Gaulle called Founder and Consultant. him "the transistor salesman".

Ihuka supervised the team System in 1967, the first highquality colour transmission technique. His company, officially known as the Sony Corporation from 1958, produced among other things the stereo "Walkman" headphone that became such an essential part of youth culture. With Philips. Sony later co-developed several products, including compact discs. Masaru Ibuka was twice

married. For his second wife, he chose a woman he had been in love with since his youth. This remarriage, after a waiting period of 30 years, was regarded in Japan as highly romantic, and Ibuka was called "the last romanticist to be born in the Meiji Era". But he had many other titles and honorary awards; he was a Foreign Associate of the British Academy and the recipient of the Order of the Sacred Treasure (First Class), the Order of the Polar Star (First Class), the Order of the Rising Sun (First Class) and the Ministry of Education's Order of Merit. He was also president of the Boy Scouts of Nippon, and his last title at Sony, dedicated to him with awe Farm will never be the same



Ibuka was enthusiastic about early education in childhood, hoping thus to develop a generation of inventors, and wrote two books on the subject, Zero sai ji ("The Zero-Year Child", 1970) and Kindergarten is Too Late (1971). After collapsing with arhythmia in 1992, he was confined to a wheelchair, where his favourite occupation was listening to company reports.

With Ichiro Honda and Kohnosuke Matsushita, Masaru Ibuka formed the grand trio of famed Japanese industrialists. An artless, endearing human being, he chased a dream and realised it. Economic Animal

Lord Dainton

Labour government created a go and say, Mrs Thatcher, we furore by abandoning the long-need a new building because all planned library extension of the British Museum, without they stay where they are. I want consulting the trustees, writes Nicolas Barker [further to the obituary of Lord Dainton by Tam Dalyell, 8 December].

It rubbed salt in the wound by announcing that an independent committee would be appointed to examine all national libraries. Fred Dainton was to be the chairman of this committee, and the work that it did, after this unpromising start, changed the library system of the country to a remarkable

Briefed to review the British Museum library, the National Central Library (the clearing house for inter-library loans), the Patent Office Library and other scientific libraries and consider whether they "should be brought into a unified framework, the Dainton Committee's recommendations went further. The report of the "National Libraries Committee" came out in record time in Tune 1969.

It endorsed the extension of the British Museum library, the most heavily used in the world, and recommended that the lending libraries should be moved to join the National Lending Library of Science and Technology in Yorkshire; the saving in expensive London space would offset the cost of building the British Museum extension.

It also recommended the creation of a "National Library Authority" to supervise the new conglomerate, with responsibility for future national planning, the application of automation to library services. including the Copyright Deposit system, and linking up with international information retrieval systems. The report was thorough and well thought out; the ideas and their expression bore strong signs of the chairman's beliefs and opinions.

Its fruits came in 1972 with separated from the British Mumarkedly so. Its influence on the country has been deep and farreaching, and that is largely due to Dainton's 1969 blueprint. The most striking evidence of this is the building of the new British Library building, opened to readers just 10 days before his death.

Dainton succeeded Eccles as Chairman of the British Library Board in 1978, and his seven years there were fruitful in many ways, not least in the final decision to build, though now on the St Pancras site. In

this, I had a small part. One day in 1983 he sent for me and said, "I have to go and see Mrs Thatcher to persuade her that we need a new building. I don't know if I shall succeed, but I know one thing, we must keep the issue very simple.

In October 1967 the new It must be conservation: I shall? you to look out half a dozen books that I can take with me and show her how bad thice I thought this was rather

A good yes

tall order. If I produced with ing but stretcher-cases, inight she not say, "Well, if they can't look after their books better than this, they don't deserve to have them - give them all to Oxford and Cambridge and close the place down"? So I careful. ly chose that books that showed how hard we had tried to look after them. But to illustrate the terrible impermanence of acidic modern paper I thought I might cheat a little, so I added a book from home, a Penguin of Michael Innes's From London! Far, printed in 1965 on paper so brittle now that it fell to pieces as you turned over the

All the exhibits were packed in special boxes with labels explaining the problem, and the Chairman set off for Downing Street. Some hours later I went to collect the books. "How did it go?" I asked. "Fine," he said. "We've got the new building those books came in most useful, particularly that paperback." "Oh, good," I said, "she got the point about the paper?"

"Well, I don't know," he replied. "She said, You mean this could happen to Michael Innes?' 'Yes, Mrs Thatcher,' I said, 'or any other modern author.' 'But he's the most won3 derful writer, of course you must have your building."

Tam Dalyell's obituary makes the point that Dr Lee's Professorship of Chemistry at Oxford did not offer the range or quality of influence that Dainton was by then able to exert. writes Michael Rogers. There was another side to him during that period.

A science editor at Oxford University Press, I was then involved with the development of the passing of the British Li- a series of undergraduate chembrary Act, under the aegis of istry textbooks. We wanted Lord Eccles, Paymaster- Dainton's advice on the volume General with responsibility for we were planning on chemical the arts. The British Library, kinetics and I made an appointment to see him at the seum and linked to the other li- Physical Chemical Laboratory braries on paper rather than in early one Saturday morning, fact, was different from the When I arrived he was with a brary Authority", but not point of chemistry. Presently the student understood what entire library system of the had been puzzling him and left. Dainton could not conceal his delight that the student had taken up the invitation to come and see him if anything in his course needed further explanation.

Evidently he took his teaching duties seriously, and greatly enjoyed them.

May I give another example of Fred Dainton's deft ways of dealing with militant students while Vice-Chancellor of Nottingham? writes Professor Nicholas Kurti. He once returned the manuscript of an aggressive pamphlet underscored in red giving the students the goahead provided they put into good grammatical English I: believe that the pamphlet was never published.

Robert Lewis

Robert Lewis, actor, theatre director and acting coach: born New York 16 March 1909: died New York 23 November 1997.

A co-founder of the legendary Actors' Studio in New York, Robert Lewis coached such stars as Marlon Brando and Meryl Streep. His work as a theatre director included the Life (the chief of the Guild told original Broadway productions of Brigadoon and The Teahouse of the August Moon, while as an and directed two failures, John actor he is remembered as the Oriental merchant who woos Lucille Bremer in one of the friend) in Mexican Mural. When film musical's crowning glo- the Group Theatre disbanded ries, the Limehouse Blues through lack of funding in 1941 sequence in Ziegfeld Follies.

1909. Lewis studied cello at the then went to Hollywood as Juilliard School of Music before dialogue director/actor at Fox. deciding he would rather be an actor, though his short and rotund stature precluded roman- Calais (1942) as a French coltic leads. He made his first laborator, then played a Nazi appearance on stage with the colonel in Paris After Dark Civic Repertory Theatre in (1943). Moving to MGM. 1929, and two years later joined the Group Theatre Acting Company, newly formed by Lee Strasberg, Cheryl Crawford Japanese villain ("I had an unand Harold Clurman and noted for its adherence to the acting theories of Stanislavski. Lewis played his first sizeable role as a comic intern in Sidney Kingsley's Men in White (1934).

The same year one of the group's members, Clifford in 1946). In this magnificent se-Odets, wrote a play about union corruption, Waiting for Lefty, which caused a sensation and which featured Lewis as a labour spy exposed at a union meeting by his brother (Elia Kazan). Odets became the group's prime playwright, and in 1937 wrote their biggest success, Golden Boy, in which Lewis played the prizefight prothe company performed the play in London, the critic James a level which is something we know nothing at all about."

After making his directorial début with the touring company of Golden Boy starring Phillips Holmes, Lewis was given a new production, William Saroyan's My Heart's in the Highlands, into which he instilled felt was sometimes lacking in Charlie gave me."

group productions with their emphasis on psychology.

Saroyan's account of a poet's attempts to create in a hostile world, and how people are nourished by art, remained Lewis's favourite throughout his life ("my firstborn"). The next three years though were frustrating ones - he was fired by the Theatre Guild as director of Saroyan's The Time of Your him, "After you and Orson Welles, no more geniuses!"), Garfield in Heavenly Express and Montgomery Clift (a lifelong he spent a year as a professor Born in New York City in at the Yale School of Drama, He made his screen début in

> where he directed several screen tests including that of canny way of looking genuinely Oriental") in Dragon Seed (1944), which inspired Vincente Minnelli to use him in a framing section for the Limehouse Blues number in Ziegfeld Follies (shot in 1944 but released quence, Lewis (as a Chinese merchant who flirts with Lucille Bremer in the sidestreets of London's docklands) devised an effective bit of business in which he discarded a cigarette with one hand while with a cane in the

quests to direct a feature, and after playing a German officer moter Roxy Gottlieb. When snarled at by the canine star of Son of Lassic (1945), he left MGM and accepted a role of-Agate wrote, "The acting attains fered by his friend Charlie Chaplin in Monsieur Verdoux (1947). As Botello, the chemist You Can See Forever.) from whom the wife-murderer Verdoux buys poison, he found Chaplin the perfect director. "He gave me one direction: 'He's the kind of bore who doesn't talk. He lectures.' That was all I needed. I could start a mixture of music, colour, building a character inside and rhythm and movement which he out from the one apt image

other he viciously slashed at it.

But the studio ignored his re-



Cvd Charisse, he was cast as a Lewis, centre, with Anita Loos and Horst Buchholz, rehearsing Cheri (1959)

Broadway to direct his first smash hit, the musical Brigadoon. The librettist Alan Jay Lerner later recalled that when Lewis first asked him what the show was about he had responded with a description of the story, to which Lewis replied, "That is not what you have written at all. What you have written is the story of a romantic who is searching and a cynic who has given up. In the end cynicism is proved wrong." Lerner credits this insight with enabling him to deal with imperfections in the script and complete the final draft. (The two men were to have less harmonious relations 18 years later, when Lerner refused Lewis's

the libretto for On a Clear Day Lewis and Elia Kazan had long dreamed of starting something similar to the defunct Group Theatre, and in 1947 created, with Cheryl Crawford as administrator, the Actors' Studio, a workshop where talented actors could get together (for no fee) and practise their craft. Kazan worked with younger

pleas that he cut and re-shape

Lewis took those with experience and rehearsed scenes with particular emphasis on subtext. Actors in Lewis's initial classes included Brando, Montgomery Clift, Anne Bancroft, Eli Wallach, Jerome Robbins, Maureen Stapleton and Patricia Neal. who failed to find favour with her coach. "It was deadly between us," she later wrote, "real hate. According to him, everything I did was wrong", but she admits to "the prestige that went with being a founding member of the Studio".

After a year, Lewis resigned when he felt betrayed by Kazan over a theatre project. Having been offered direction of the Kurt Weill/Alan Jay Lerner musical Love Life and, having strong doubts about the project, Lewis showed the script to Kazan, who advised against doing it. Lewis turned it down and it was offered to Kazan, who accepted. Lewis instead directed Marc Blitzstein's Regina (1949), an operatic treatment of The Little Foxes, and was praised for the convincing performances he extracted from the singing cast.

"For once," said Brooks Atkin-

most of the dialogue is sung does not seem artificial." It was the start of a prolific period throughout the Fifties, including his direction in 1950 of Samuel Taylor's hit comedy The Happy Time and Ibsen's . In Enemy of the People, for which Lewis persuaded Arthur Miller to do a new translation. In 1952 he directed Truman

Harp and the following year John Patrick's successful comedy The Teahouse of the August Moon. (As with Brigadoon, Lewis staged the West End production - both shows at Her Majesty's Theatre.) After the Broadway version of Agatha ness", an attempt to clarify the Christie's Witness for the Prosecution (1954). Lewis directed his only film, the Bing Crosby musical Anything Goes (1955), distinguished by the su- in 1984 he wrote his autobiogperb dancing of Donald O'Con-raphy. Slings and Arrows. The nor, Mitzi Gaynor and Zizi Jeanmaire.

He returned to the musical starring Lena Horne, Lewis solved the show's book problems (it had first been conceived significant achievement." for Harry Belafonte) by putting

Lewis then returned to actors on technique, while son, "the operatic form in which. Home "front and centre most of the time, which is what audiences wanted to see and hear". He directed the London version of Candide (1959), but from the mid-Sixties worked away from the mainstream, directing shows and workshops both in America and abroad, teaching at Yale (where he became Chairman of the Acting and Directing Departments and Capote's first play The Grass coached Meryl Streep and Sigourney Weaver) and running his own Robert Lewis Theatre Workshop, which started in 1952 and lasted until his

> retirement in 1974. In 1957 he gave a series of lectures "Method - or Madconfusion surrounding the Stanislavski style, which was later published successfully in both the US and England, and actor-turned-director Martin Ritt, who was one of his pupils. said, "With Bobby there was a theatre with Jamaica (1957) joy in his work - fun, which, corisidering that the work was always on a high level, is a very

Tom Vallance

Guido Brunner

about Tam Dalyell's excellent derived directly from his obituary of Guido Brunner [6 membership of the FDP. December] was that at no point did he refer to the fact that Brunner was a Liberal, writes Lord Russell-Johnston. His becoming a Commissioner and Madrid while, most certainly,

What very much surprised me tributes to his ability also

During his period in the Commission, I met him often at European Liberal meetings and at Liberal International, His Liberalism inspired and drove subsequently Ambassador in his thinking and should not be ignored.

Secretary of the secret

DEATHS SHARPE: Beth, unexpectedly at home

in Berwick-upon-Tweed, on 17 De-cember. Funeral service in Edin-burgh, Monday 22 December. No IN MEMORIAM

SMITH: In loving memory of our dear mother, Margaret Ella, died 8 March 1978, also our most precious and de-voted sisters Gladys, died 2 May 1997, and Evelyn, died 24 August 1997. Dearly loved and sadly missed

Announcements for Gazette BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS (Births, Adoptions, Marriages, Deaths, Memorial services, Wedding anniversaries, In Memoriam) should be sent in writing to the Gazette Editor, The Independent, I Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London Ei4 SDL, telephoned to 0171-293 2012 (24-hour answering ma-

BIRTHS, **MARRIAGES** & DEATHS

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The OBITUARIES e-mail address is obituaries@independent.co.uk

extra. They should be accompa-

nied by a daytime telephone

Forthcoming marriages

Dr F. H. Sansbury and Dr H. M. Schilch

The engagement is announced between Francis, son of Canon and Mrs Christopher Sansbury, of Long Melford, Suffolk, and Henrietta. daughter of Mr and Mrs Stephen Schlich, of Broadclyst, Devon.

Birthdays

Air Chief Marshal Sir John Aiken, 76; Lady Archer of Weston-super-Mare, scientist, 53; Sir Douglas Brown, High Court judge, 66; Mr Robin Corbett MP, 64; Viscount Davidson, former government whip, 69; Mr Noel Edmonds, television presenter, 49; Mr Maurice Gibb, of the Bee Gees, 48; Mr Robin Gibb, of the Bee Gees, 48; Miss Patricia Hayes, actress, 88; Mrs Karin Jonzen, sculp-

tor, 83; Dr Judith McClure, Headmistress, St George's School, Edin-burgh, 52; Sir Trefor Morris, Chairman, Police Information Technology Organisation, 63; Mr Chris Old, former England cricketer, 49; The Rev Lord Sandford, former government minister, 77: Lord Stott, former Senator of the College of Justice in Scotland, 88; The Duke of Westminster, Chancellor, Manchester Metropolitan University, 46; Mr Ken Whitmore, playwright, 58; Sir Peregrine Worsthorne, journalist,

Anniversaries

Births Roger II. King of Sicily. 1095; Hermann Samuel Reimanus, theologian and philosopher, 1694; James Edward Ogiethorpe, colonist and founder of Georgia, 1696; Jean-Etienne Liotard, painter, 1702; Carl Friedrich Abel, composer, 1723; John Crome ("Old Crome"), land-

scape painter, 1768; Franz Abt, composer and conductor, 1819; Jean-Henri Fabre, naturalist, 1823; Charles Stuart Calverley, poet and parodist, 1831; William Hale White ("Mark Rutherford"), novelist, 1831; John Nevil Maskelyne, stage magician, 1839; Teresa Carreno, Venezuelan pianist, 1853; Giacomo Antonio Domenico Michele Secondo Maria Puccini, operatic composer, 1858; Edwin Arlington Robinson, poet, 1869; Franz Schmidt, composer, 1874; Edgard (Edgar Victor Achille-Charles) Varese, composer, 1883; Deems Taylor, composer, 1885; Alan Dudley Bush, composer, conductor and pianist, 1900; Pierre Brasseur (Pierre-Albert Espinasse), actor. 1905. Deaths: Aulus Vitellius, Roman emperor, beheaded AD 69: François Clouet (Janet), miniature painter, 1572; Maximilien de Bethune, Duc de Sully, soldier and statesman, 1641; Giovanni Francesco

Richard Alleine, religious author. 1081; Michel Baron (Michel Boyron), actor and playwright, 1729; Jan Dismas Zelenka, composer, 1745; Simon Mathurin Lantara, landscape painter, 1778; James Harris, grammarian, 1780; Sir Philip Francis, civil servant and author, 1818: The Rev Martin Joseph Routh, scholar, 1854; George Eliot (Mary Ann Evans). novelist, 1880; Henry Watterson. journalist and politician, [92]; Dwight Lyman Moody, evangelist, 1899: Baron Richard von Kraftt-Ebing, psychiatrist, 1902; Nathanael West (Nathan Wallenstein Weinstein), newelist, 1940; Franz Boas, anthropologist, 1942; Helen Beatrix Potter, author and artist, 1943; Har-. ry Langdon, silent film comedian, 1944; Richard Frederick Dimbleby, television commentator, 1965: Josef von Sternberg, film director, 1969; Darryl Francis Zanuck, film pro-ducer, 1979; David Penhaligon MP. Barbieri (Guercino), painter, 1666; killed in a car accident, 1986; Lord

(Ted) Willis, playwright, politician and author, 1992. On this day: the Gregorian calendar was introduced into Germany and Switzerland, 1583; James Stuart, the Old Pretender, landed at Peterhead, 1715; the first pantomime in England was staged at the Lincoln's Inn Theatre, 1716; Beethoven's Fifth and Sixth (Pastoral) symphonies were first played, Vienna 1808; Savannah. Georgia, was occupied by General Sherman commanding the Unionist forces, 1864; Alfred Dreyfus was convicted and sentenced to imprisonment on Devil's Island, 1895; the Ministry of Pensions was first set up, 1916; the musical show Lilac Time was first produced in London, 1922; in Java, the Merapi volcano erupted, causing over ?00 deaths, 1930; the musical show Balalaika opened in London, 1936; the musical show High Button Shoes was first produced in London, 1948; the withdrawal of British and French (orces from Port

Said was completed, 1956; Southern Rhodesia left the Commonwealth, 1966; Kurt Waldheim was elected Secretary-General of the United Nations, 1971; a violent earthquake in Guinea resulted in over 400 deaths, 1983; a Pan American jumbo jet crashed on to the town of Lockerbie in Scotland, killing all 259 passengers and crew, and 11 people on the ground, 1988. Today is the Feast Day of St Chaeremon and Others, St Flavian of Tuscany, St Ischyrion and St Zeno.

Victoria and Albert Museum: Julian Litten, "Fifteenth-century, English Church Art", 2.30pm

Changing of the Guard The Household Cavalry Mounted Resiment mounts the Queen's Life Guard at

A good year for blue chips but smaller companies have been left behind

WEEK AHEAD



volatility created by order- year-end Footsie forecasts. driven trading, it has been a remarkable year for blue chips. In January there seemed more chance of England regaining above 5,000 points as the fes-

tive season got under way. Strategists were generally cautious when they made their 1997 predictions. A year-end Footsie at 4,600 points was the most confident forecast I encountered.

An illustration of the colearly this year is provided by one of the share tipping lunches so beloved by the City. In January the top men at Credit Lyonnais Laing, the securities house, held their yearly meeting with the City's gloomy 3,250. stock market reporters. Over

to arrive - a victim of the flu well. Utilities, despite the arbug. As a humorous after- rival of a Labour government, thought someone suggested and oils have also prospered. the Ashes than Footsie riding our absent friend should be accast. Jokingly he was credited with what then seemed an outrageous target - 5,150 points. 4,228.4, it was assumed at least

ten out of the competition. My forecast was 4,600. most were in the 4,200-4,800 more deeply researched. range with seven looking for Three thought it would go mate rested at an exceedingly

It is true, of course, that it's the major investors. lunch at CLL's Broadgate been very much a blue chins'

Asian flu and the increased duced their share tips and been uneven, with financials, One market reporter failed and drugs doing particularly

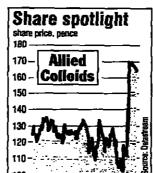
Throughout the year the corded at least a Footsie fore- supporting shares making up the FTSE 250 index lagged their peers; and the third and fourth-liners have been large-With the index then riding at ly ignored. Institutions have tended more and more to deone contender had been writ- vote their attention to the front-runners; the liquidity such stocks offer is the main atlective caution which abounded There was one at 5,000 but traction. Blue chips are also

> The FTSE 250 constituents the index to give ground. draw institutional interest although it is often fairly tepid. below 4,000; the lowest esti- As for the shares making up the rest of the market, they are all too frequently shunned by

Despite periodic bouts of hacks and securities men pro- individual performances have this year to 4,705.1. The FTSE on its knees 23 years ago and fry underlines that their funderlines that the funderlines SmallCap index, which closed by far the biggest contingent, at 2,295.1 on Friday, has not sparkled although it has provided a better return than a deposit account.

lowers wonder if there is an op- sum of £20m was apparently merits of a company. portunity for the Prudential Corporation once again to take the initiative.

When the stock market was



questioned, the Pru, according to City legend, called fund managers to its High Holborn office and suggested they col-Some small company fol- lectively buy the market. A to highlight the investment earmarked. Immediately shares index, down to 146, perked up and topped 250 by the end of

> the month. Come the yearend it was above 380. The little used 30-constituent index is still calculat-

ed; it is around 3,280. So, perhaps, if the Pru let it on the cheap, and is resistit be known it had invested a ing the 155p a share offer. few million pounds in smaller vide the sort of confidence in expected. the market's under-card which

has been lacking.

place. They are merely suffermalaise. It is perverse that it distance. should require a takeover bid

Allied Colloids, the chemresponded. The old FT 30 ical group, spent most of the regarded as rigging share year dillying and dallying, slipping from around 135p to 101.5p. The shares, now Hercules of the US has slapped in a bid, are riding at 164p. And, what's more, Allied thinks

companies and encouraged have tabled another six nonothers to do so, it could pro- Footsie bids. More are tial. However, what about any

the Americans are trying to get

life unlikely to trouble the rigged Footsie? Will they be There is plenty of value in tiddlers is order-driven trading. changed, as I hear one fund the lower reaches. The rush of Footsie shares have already manager is demanding?

the very future of capitalism was damental attractions remain in book although, with the system under attack, their recruiting from an investment ment could fade into the far

> The Stock Exchange has, in fact, admitted that orderdriven trading has its shortcomings by what could be prices on New Year's Eve. It is so concerned that maverick prices may creep in it is prepared, for the first time, to recalculate closing prices if trades are out of line.

New Year's Eve is an important day in the investment calendar, its closing prices are Indeed American groups used for many investment valuations. So accuracy is essenvaluations made on the Friday One aspect of stock market when two JP Morgan traders

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		lunch at CLL's Broadgate been very much a blue chips' The midcap index has headquarters the assembled party. Indeed, within Footsie climbed only 214.64 points 100 D J F M A M J J A S O N D the lower reaches. The rush of Footsie shares have already manager is demanding? takeover bids for the smaller been pulled in; the midcaps are
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DEPUTY BUSINESS & CITY FDITOR, MICHAEL HARRISON NEWS DESK: 0171-293 2636 FAX: 0171-293 2098 E-MAIL: INDIBUSINESS@INDEPENDENT.CO.UK FINANCIAL JOURNAL OF THE YEAR

Chaos in Far East escalates as IMF cuts growth forecast

World stock markets are braced for another turbulent trading period as the Far Eastern crisis deepens. Growing concerns come as the **International Monetary** Fund forecasts that Asia's wees will slow world growth next year. Digne Coyle, Economics Editor, and Andrew Yates report.

Country	1997 (est) %	1998 (new forecast) %	Revision
World	4.1	3.5	-0.8
Advanced economies	3.0	2.5	-0.4
US Japan UK	3.8 1.0 3.5	2.4 1.1 2.4	-0.2 -1.0 -0.2
S.Korea Asian NICs Asean 4*	6.0 6.2 4.0	2.5 3.6 1.7	-3.5 -2.4 -3.7

The financial chaos escalated over the weekend as three more of South Korea's publicly quoted companies were declared bankrupt, with another, Chun Kwang Industrial, the animal feed manufacturer, indicating that it too will be seeking court protection from its creditors. More than 15,000 Korean companies are reported to have failed this year.

South Korea's finance ministry admitted yesterday that it would have to increase a state fund established to buy bad loans to 20 trillion won (\$12.4bn) from the current eight trillion won.

An official at the ministry's industrial finance division said: "We plan to speed up the process of cleaning up bad loans with the financial system as we promised the International Monetary Fund." Analysts estimate that the nation's bad loans figure has risen to over 35 trillion won.

Kim Dae-jung, South Korea's president-elect, faces an uphill struggle to rebuild confidence in the country's ailing economy. "Pressure on interest rates is mounting and the financial bottleneck is battering manufacturers as well as financial firms. The markets' future looks grimmer than ever," said one local economist.

Analysts are forecasting the

is also likely to push more local companies into bankruptcy. The IMF admits that it un-

derestimated the severity of the Asian financial crisis. The repercussions of events in the Far East "have proven much deeper and more extensive than seemed likely only a few months ago," says the interim World Economic Outlook published yesterday by the IMF. It has reduced the fund's forecast for world economic growth next year to 3.5 per cent, 0.8 per cent lower than the forecast issued two months ago.

But the new report goes to some lengths to stress that most of this pain will be felt in Asia itself, provided governments adopt sensible policies in reaction to events. Saying that the rest of the world will "experience a dampening of foreign demand", the IMF has shaved just 0.2 per cent of its forecasts for US and UK growth, and less from its predictions for other European

economies. It even portrays the crisis as a welcome antidote to inflationary pressure in Britain and America. Among the advanced economies, it is other Asian countries like Hong Kong and also Australia and New Zealand that will suffer most.

The document says the imriorate as the country becomes outside Asia will most probably growth in 1998 has also been prophecy' gripped by recession. The plunge be "relatively moderate and term slashed, from 6 per cent to 25 per in the Indonesian rupiah and a porary". Although it cautions that cent. Many economists would, in most cases, more pessimistic financial crisis and its effect on

figures would need to be mon-

itored closely because of their

potential impact on inflation,

but argued that the Bank of

England should not be "pan-

There were indications that

economic growth might be

slowing down, so that the most

important effect for manufac-

turers of increasing pay settle-

ments would be lower profits

rather than inflation. Increased

pressure on margins could feed

through into job losses, she

Increasing levels of settle-

ments in service industries

largely reflected the buoyancy

in the business services sector

in a quiet part of the year for

been a wide variation in awards,

reflecting the different cir-

cumstances of individual service

firms. Some 14 per cent of

settlements were at or below

2.5 per cent; 35 per cent

tween 4.5 and 5.5 per cent and

the remaining 13 per cent were

Since August there had

rates again.

warned.

pay reviews.

look will yet turn bleaker, it says: "The global growth rate projected for 1998 is even now slightly above the average experience of the past two decades," and "notably higher" than dur-

ing the 1990-93 slowdown. The report also predicts that - as long as the necessary reforms are introduced - the Asian economies will start to recover in 1999 thanks to their underlying strengths. It does concede a worst-case scenario, if the crisis persists and in the unlikely event that governments fail to cut interest rates in response to the downturn.

This would knock a further 1 per cent off growth in the industrial countries, taking it to 2.5 per cent in 1998 rather than the 3.5 per cent forecast in the new report.

Intended as a corrective to some of the more apocalyptic predictions about the impact of the crisis, the IMF's Economic Outlook expresses the greatest concern about Japan and Korea. Its forecast for Japan's GDP growth next year has been halved to just 1.1 per cent. The fund blames the Japanese government for introducing a much tougher budget policy during 1997, reversing tax cuts before the economic recovery had put down roots.

rapid rise in foreign debt levels there remains a risk that the out-still see this is too optimistic.



sell goods ranging from watches, cameras and pianos to designer clothes and luxury cars - even a small aeroplane. Many Thais have seen much of their wealth disappear in the economic crisis, which analysts predict could worsen.

'Why do they always take the most pessimistic view?'

have caused dismay in Asia with many people in the region accusing the fund of talking down Asia's growth prospects.

Why do they [the IMF] always take the most pessimistic view?" said an Asian government official from one of the countries receiving an IMF loan. "With things being

than official forecasts from Asia came as a surprise.

The IMF's revised forecasts the individual countries although some of these have yet to be published because individual government forecasters keep being forced back to the drawing board as fresh news of

disaster trickles in. "Undoubtedly, people are going to feel the pain of this adjustment," said Michael Musa. the IMF's chief economist. as they are, if they talk us down when he presented the new figures.

The IMF is not alone in ad-The IMF's new figures are, mitting that the extent of the

It said that it was now un- reduce inflationary pressure should not have to suffer the would last and feared that the market turmoil could spread even further.

The IMF, which in recent months has organised a record bail-out of more than \$100bn for Thailand. Indonesia and South Korea, warned again that it was looking for the patients to swallow some bitter recipe for allowing Western medicine in return for

rescue efforts. consists of tough fiscal re- bankers who freely distributed fund's requirements. forms, curbs on lending to excessive amounts of credit

stated, widespread closures of companies which are heavily in debt.

Malaysia's Prime Minister Mahathir Mohamad, has vowed that his country will not go to the IMF, despite its economic woes, because he views IMF conditions as a companies to duy cheap assets — is also

certain how long the crisis and, although not explicitly same consequences as the recipients. Dr Mahathir's views are innisters.

creasingly gaining an audience in the region, not least in South Korea, the biggest recipient of IMF funds.

The President-elect, Kim Dae-jung, has again stressed that he will abide by the terms of the IMF loan agreement but in Asian markets. Moreover, he spread unemployment, an in-In essence, the medicine has asked why the Western evitable consequence of the

- Stephen Vines, Hong Kong

Computer problems blamed for delay in electricity competition

The electricity watchdog, Offer, has warned that competition in the domestic power industry may not start on time in April. Chris Godsmark, **Business Correspondent,** finds that one of the UK's most costly and complex computer projects is to blame for the delay.

time next April. In an interview with The Independent, he said: "I don't know what timing around 20 January. the date will be. April looks increasingly difficult." It follows a private warning by Professor Stephen Littlechild, the regulator, to industry executives earlier this month, that the deadline was looking "difficult to achieve".

Tony Boorman, the head of competition at Mr Boorman, said it would depend on a Offer, gave the clearest warning yet that review by PA Consulting, the programme electricity competition would not begin on manager monitoring the project. The consultants are due to produce a report on the

"Quite honestly we're considering all the options for a timely opening of the market. When that will be I don't know," said Mr Boorman. "It'll happen some time in 1998. But it's important to have a date we can deliver ... A six-month delay would have Declining to suggest a new start date, to assume that the design the industry

have to go through the whole loop again."

The original plan was for competition to start for all 23 million power consumers in a big bang in April 1998, but Pro- the computer standards and procedures infessor Littlechild agreed to phase the volved in competition. The new industry stanintroduction over six months to allow dard, called "baseline 2," was delayed from slower regional electricity companies to October to 12 December and has required catch up. This timetable would see four many RECs to look again at their systems. RECs, Eastern, Seeboard, Yorkshire and

September.

The problems surround a new version of the so-called "baseline", which outlines all

The main problem was the difference Manweb, able to poach customers in each in data produced by each of the RECs. Data other's regions from April, with other from the 14 companies involved, including

agreed had gone seriously wrong and we'd companies not joining competition until the two Scottish power groups, should be in the same format, but most systems have evolved different software.

Mr Boorman admitted that "the extent of some of the changes was greater than some had hoped". He went on: "The indications are that it will take longer than we'd expected. It critically depends on what the RECs say."

The chief executive of one REC, which had been readier than most to begin competition, said he now believed a six month

Rate rise fear as skill shortages push up pay

Skill shortages are beginning to mist at the CBI, said that the force up wage settlements, fuelling fears that interest rates may have to rise again in the New Year to curb inflation.

The prospect of higher rates comes amid evidence that re- icked" into putting up interest tailers have experienced a poorer than expected Christmas while some economists suggest that bargains in the January sales will be at record levels as shops try to offload unsold stock.

According to figures from the CBI Pay Databank published today, pay awards are now running at an average 3.4 per cent in manufacturing compared with 3 per cent a year ago and in the quarter to August.

In the service sector, deals were averaging 4.4 per cent in the three months to November. compared with 3.9 per cent in the quarters to last August and

ufacturers report that cost of living increases were an important upward pressure on between 2.5 and 3.5 per cent; settlements. One in five 21 per cent between 3.5 and pointed to their need to recruit 4.5 per cent; 17 per cent beand retain employees - a sign partly of the shortage of infor-

November 1996. Around half of British man-

mation technology specialists. above 5.5 per cent. Kate Barker, chief econo-Barrie Gement

Safeway denies re-starting talks on Asda merger

Safeway yesterday denied that it has re-started talks with the competition authorities over whether the Government would block a merger with Asda. The supermarket group said it had not had any contact with the regulatory authorities since September, when talks over the £9bn merger broke

"There has been no attempt to re-open the confidential guidance process," said a spokesman, who added that the constant speculation was disruptive. Asda said last week that it had not had any recent contact with Safeway and ruled out a hostile bid for the company.

Investors cling to PEPs

The Government's decision to introduce Individual Savings Accounts has not deterred people from investing in PEPs. Sales in November and December are higher than equivalent figures in 1996, according to a survey by PEP Direct, a PEP broker.

"Many investors are angry about the lifetime ceiling and the reduced annual allowance but they want to make the most of PEPs now whilst they can," said the broker. "We are also encouraged by the Inland Revenue's willingness to review the £50,000 limit upwards and hope that our discussions in January will yield results." PEP fund manager Jupiter has been the best performer, providing more than a third of PEPs. almost three times its nearest rival, Perpetual.

Shore links with Israeli bank

Shore Capital, the investment group, has formed a strategic partnership with Bank Leumi, a subsidiary of Bank Leumi le-Israel, one of the largest banks in Israel. Bank Leumi will take a 25 per cent stake in the UK group. Howard Shore. chairman of Shore Capital, said: "We felt that the momentum would be enhanced if we joined forces with a partner with complimentary strengths." A Shore spokeswoman would not disclose the actual price of the deal but said the value of Shore was about £10m.

Nomura plans shake-up of Inntrepreneur pubs

Nomura, the Japanese bank when it announced the acquiwhich recently became the sition of Inntrepreneur and largest pub owner in the country with the acquisition of Inntrepreneur, is poised to launch an overhaul of its public

house estate. Nomura is already planning to streamline its estate by getting rid of some of its worstperforming pubs, and industry sources believe it will go further and initiate a far-reaching disposal programme.

One City observer said: "It is looking to restructure its landlords will be able to order number of pubs ... perhaps as from a given price list, many as 1,000."

chunk of Bass's tenanted pub business. It lost out in that deal to Hugh Osmond and Roger herited a legal threat from Myers, the restaurant entre- hundreds of Inntrepreneur tenpreneurs.

now turn its attention to other position of unfair tie agreebrewers such as Scottish & ments, which allegedly Newcastle (S&N) and Whit- committed them to paying too bread, which are understood to much for beer in the past. The have put some of their own ten-

Nomura became the biggest - cases come to court. pub landlord in the country

Spring Inns for £1.2bn in

September. The deal is due to be completed by April, after which Nomura is likely to combine the two estates to create a huge new pub chain.

Nomura is also close to negotiating a new beer supply agreement to replace its existing contract with S&N. It is likely to strike a deal with all the major brewers under which estate and is likely to sell a large whichever heers they want

Analysts believe S&N will Nomura is also eveing up have to offer much larger dismore acquisitions to add to its counts per barrel but should be 4.400-strong tied estate. The able to retain a significant bank was interested in swap- amount of business from exping some of its pubs for a large isting landlords used to serving its beers.

However, Nomura has inants who are attempting to sue However, Nomura could the pub company for the imlegal battle is likely to intensify anted estates on the market. next year when several test

STOCK MARKETS

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Globalisation: the facts behind the myth

great American comedian WC Fields which goes something like this: Fields, as usual playing a wealthy sourpuss, is sitting by the fire in his comiortable home. It is a winter during the American depression. An unshaven, bedraggled figure knocks on **MILES** the door. Barely able to speak with cold, he says: "I haven't eaten in a week." Fields, scowling, replies "force yourself?" and ON CLAIMS shuts the door. THAT WE WORK IN A

As an economist I like this scene; it is an excellent example of a common phenomenon: wilful misinterpretation of evidence in one's own favour. The dramatically overused, and much abused, notion of "globalisation" is largely based on misinterpretation of evidence; and the concept is most. frequently used by those with a vested interest of one sort or another.

For example, governments, when in power (though rarely when in opposition), frequently claim they are constrained by global forces. "We cannot ban tobacco advertising in Formula One racing since..." or "There is no point in our banning exports of arms to that country because of the global market..." And what better way for corporate spokesmen and women to justify an attempt at changing work practices or gaining acceptance for a small pay settlement than by saying that in a global market failure to compete will result in death.

How can the claims of the globalists be assessed? Is it true that in the last 10 to 20 years there have been such changes in technology, in the nature of traded goods and move around the globe, that the world is around 15 per cent of assets are claims on

There is a scene in one of the films by the now a dramatically different place than it foreign governments or companies. was 50 or even 20 years ago?

> Hermann Goering once, famously, said: When I hear the word culture I reach for my gun." When I hear the word globalisation I reach for the Annual Abstract of Statistics. And what statistics reveal is that the claim that there is a global world market place in most commodities is hard to square with the facts.

> Consider, first, the allocation of accumulated wealth across different asset classes. Portfolio theory says that diversification is a good thing. Suppose we live in a world with no barriers to international portfolio diversification. It would seem to follow that the portfolio of wealth held by the private sector in various countries should be fairly widely internationally diversified.

The chart reveals a picture of portfolio allocation dramatically at odds with this. It shows the proportion of the total wealth held by the personal sectors in the major economies that is in the form of claims on novernments or companies in foreign countries. I use here a very wide definition of financial assets - it includes direct ownership by households of equities, bank deposits and bonds; but it also includes all the assets held by pension funds, life insurance companies, mutual funds and so on, on behalf of the personal sector. The chart reveals that in Europe, typically only about 5 per cent of the overall financial assets of the private sector are international. The UK and the Netherlands stand out as countries with an unusually high degree of internationthe way materials, information and people al diversification; but even there only

Labour is dramatically less mobile than financial wealth. Indeed labour mobility now is probably lower than for much of the past 150 years. For those who are relatively well off (almost anyone in a developed country) a combination of inertia and familiarity with one's own culture and language make the option of moving to another country to work fairly unattractive for most people. For those who are far from comfortable (in developing countries the vast majority), immigration restrictions rule out the option of moving to countries where standards of living are

dramatically higher.
It is plausible, of course, that physical capital (the location of factories and offices) is more mobile than human capital. Is there a global market here? In fact the degree of mobility of capital may well be no greater than 100 years ago. Consider the recent evidence from the UK. The UK has been one of the most successful countries in Europe



in attracting foreign direct investment. Over the last 10 years the level of foreign direct investment in the UK has averaged about £12bn a year. But that still only represents a little over 10 per cent of domestic fixed investment over that period. So one of the most successful developed countries in attracting inward investment still finds that about 90 per cent of its capital formation is done by nationals.

This observation fits in with the empirical evidence first uncovered over 15 years ago by Martin Feldstein and Charles Horioka. They found an extremely high correlation between changes in physical investment in countries and changes in domestic saving. The implication of their finding was that most investment in developed countries gets financed from domestic saving. Most studies continue to find a very significant correlation between national saving and investment.

Of course it would be absurd to argue that all this means economies are insulated from world economic developments. But the claim of the globalists seems to be that there has, fairly recently, been some dramatic change in the degree of integration of world markets. Two forces - one worldwide and the other specific to Europe - are often argued to be behind this. First, technology has so increased the ease with which information can be transferred that the physical location of many operations is often now irrelevant. Second, and specific to Europe, the creation of the single market, the abolition of many tariffs, and the imminent creation of a single currency area, has (it is argued) had a massive impact.

I doubt whether either of these factors are really that new or have caused a huge jump in market integration. In the second half of the 19th century there were few capital or trade restrictions between the capitalist countries. For much of that period there also, effectively, existed a single currency (the gold standard). And for much of the 19th century there were huge movements of workers between countries (largely from Europe to America).

At the same time there were enormous flows of capital between countries. And in the 40 years from 1861-1901 the pace of technological change was stunning. In those four decades the following were invented: the telephone, the internal combustion engine, the microphone, the electric locomotive, the motor car, the aeroplane, the radio transmitter. It is far from obvious that in the period since 1960 there has been such a change in technology.

In fact, claims about globalisation are themselves not particularly new. I am old enough to remember Labour politicians in the mid-1960s blaming many of the country's economic ills on the Gnomes of Zurich - the faceless operators of the global levers of economic power. And there is a much longer tradition of politicians being prey to the dark forces of foreign financiers.

So the next time you hear someone pontificating about globalisation ask yourself just what they are trying to make you believe . and why.

David Miles is Professor of Finance at Imperial College, University of London and an economic adviser to Merrill Lynch.

Ministers revamp civil service roles at DTI

their authority at the Department civil service posts, including a new servants responsible for coal, appointment to beef up the response to the coal crisis.

GLOBAL

MARKET PLACE

Ministers have moved to assert capacity as deputy director general of energy. The role, which of Trade and Industry with the starts on 19 January, will first sweeping reorganisation of leapfrog the three existing civil electricity and energy policy.

The appointment is another Anna Walker, the deputy indication of ministers' frustelecommunications regulator at tration with some DTI civil ser-Oftel, the watchdog, is being vants over the handling of the drafted into the DTI in a new coal crisis. Senior officials are

thought to have advised against some recent policy initiatives, including the review of the wholesale electricity trading market and the moratorium on applications to build gas-fired power stations.

A DTI spokesman said: "This is an appropriate move to reinforce senior management in

Ms Walker's departure will be seen as a considerable loss at Oftel, coming just two months before Don Cruickshank, the regulator leaves his post. She joined Oftel from the DTI as director of competition in 1991 and became Mr Cruickshank's deputy in 1994. No replacement has been appointed.

Other changes announced at

the DTI last week include confirmation of the departure of John Michell, head of gas, and a new head of the competitiveness unit. The DTI is also creating a merged division dealing with engineering, manufacturing and the car industry, to include the existing aerospace department.

Lafarge ready to sell quarries to get bid OK Lafarge, the French building

giant, is preparing to sell its ready-mix concrete quarries in Norwich and Leicester in order to get its £1.8bn bid for Redland past the UK competition authorities. The move should remove the final obstacle to the Earlier this month the

- Chris Godsmark European Commission passed mix concrete market in the

the deal back to the UK competition authorities following a surprise request to scrutinise the bid from John Battle, the Industry Minister, following a recommendation from the director general of fair trading.

Mr Battle raised concerns that the deal would give Lafarge a stranglehold over the ready-

Midlands. The French group already has a large presence in the area, having acquired Ennemix, a local quarry group, last year in its first move into the UK market.

Sources believe that Lafarge has offered to sell the businesses in order to get the green light for its takeover.

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Green and pleasant land threatened by planning loophole



A £4m plan to drive a water pipeline through unspoilt countryside has triggered a call to end planning privileges for former public utilities. Esther Leach looks at a new twist to an old problem.

voir, near Layburn, to the Fossdale Water Treatment Works, will carve a hole through three medieval sites of archaeological interest - earthworks associated with Fors Abbey, a watermill flood system at Nappa Hall and a medieval rabbit farm at Wood-

Yorkshire Dales National Park planners say former public utilities that are now private companies should no longer carry out developments without planning consent. Historically, the utilities have not needed to apply for permission for big schemes in the countryside. But planners and envi-

American state (6)

ture, because their new private status ren- ly aware of its responsibilities. But George fore people in the community.

Clive Kirkbride, the National Parks landscape and ecology officer, said only hard negotiations with Yorkshire Water had forced a compromise over the route for a 29km pipeline through Wensleydale.

The water company says the new main The pipeline, between Yorker Bank reser- is necessary to "provide strategic support to the rural community" and it has tried to reduce the impact to a minimum, but officials at the National Park are known to be unhappy with remedial works carried out after previous schemes. Mr Kirkbride said: "The former public utilities now private companies still enjoy permitted development rights when their priority is no longer the public interest but their shareholders. There has to be a conflict of interest here which could be settled if these companies were subject to planning consent."

Officer, said there was a history of similar problems. In 1996 the National Park negotiated with Yorkshire Water over the proposed route of a pipeline between Newbiggin-in-Bishopdale and Aysgarth in Wensleydale to minimise the impact. "The route was altered by the company but there was still some archaeological damage, made worse by different construction techniques and inadequate restoration.

Introducing planning consent would prevent many of these problems, especially now that utility companies are privately owned companies with an apparent need to put profits first. The question has to be asked as to why they should continue to benefit from a more favourable planning regime not enjoyed by others in the private sector." A Yorkshire Water spokesman said consultations with the National Park began Yorkshire Water says it is astonished by in February, 14 months before the schedthe criticism, claiming that, as the region's uled start-day for what they describe as an

ronmentalists argue that they should in fubiggest investor in the environment, it is ful-THE INDEPENDENT CROSSWORD terrupt lecture (7-2)
27 Accepted caution's out of order and isn't worried DOWN Immensely horrible? (9) Check part of furniture inside (4) Certain a Continental's wrong (8) Sphere of substantial mass (5) Bore me about royal vessel of old (7) Reach the others who stop moving (4,2,4)
None left of lot taken out recently (2,4)
12 Attack what faith healers do (3,5,2)
15 Credit it with removing number included in ban 16 He doesn't believe a cost-ACROSS 14 The whole army unit's ing's right (8)
18 Dislike doing without a 1 Girl's a bit put out about row with Rex (10) being sent round (δ) 17 Note new face added to form (7) Rude to push (9) 20 Teenage fashion goods Headless woman supplies 19 Greek character Troy, is smuggled in by middlea big number (4) in disgrace (6) smuggled in by middle men (6)

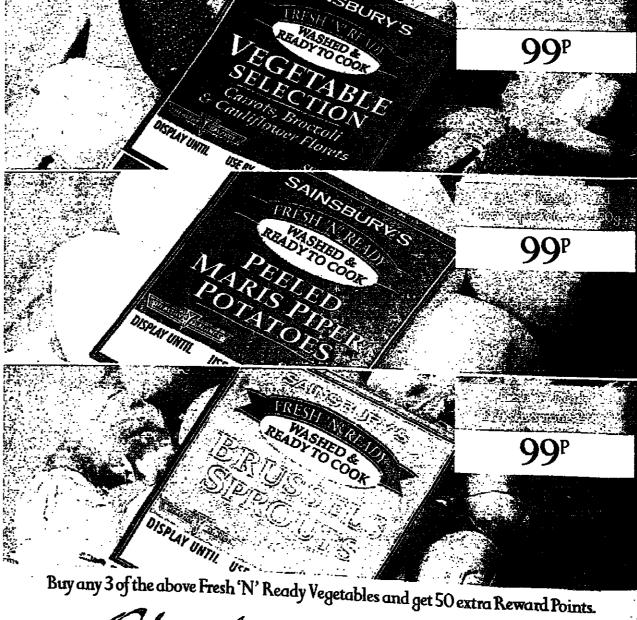
10 Bearing time in mind for 21 Initially they try entering card game (6) Scottish island plant (8)

Scottish island plant (8)

smuggled in by middle men (6)

King's seized by past trouble (5) 23 A revolution more or less 24 We're told fly's a parasite 11 Former Commonwealth head (8) 13 Key investment in alter-25 Sound produced by band native energy by North

26 Persuade German to in-



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